dynea

DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED

43rd Annual Report for the year ended 30th June, 2025

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Chairman

Chief Executive Officer

Board of Directors:

Mr. Donald Jenkin

Mr. Mustafa Jafar

Mr. Lee Kin Seng

Ms. Anam Fatima Khan

Mr. Adnan Afridi

Mr. Mazhar Valjee

Ms. Naila Kassim

Audit Committee:

Mr. Adnan Afridi Chairman
Mr. Donald Jenkin Member
Mr. Mazhar Valjee Member
Ms. Anam Fatima Khan Member

Human Resource and Remuneration Committee:

Ms. Naila Kassim
Mr. Donald Jenkin
Mr. Mustafa Jafar

Chairperson
Member
Member

Chief Financial Officer:

Mr. Muhammad Shakeel Uddin

Company Secretary:

Mr. Mujtaba Hassan Ghanchi

Head of Internal Audit:

Ms. Nargis Iqbal

Bankers:

M/s. Habib Bank Limited

M/s. Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

M/s. MCB Bank Limited

M/s. Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

M/s. United Bank Limited

M/s. Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited

Auditors:

M/s. BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisors:

M/s. Zahid & Tariq Advocates

Share Registrar:

FAMCO Share Registration Services (Pvt) Ltd Share Registrars 8-F, Next to Hotel Faran Nursery, Block - 6, P.E.C.H.S Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Ph: (92-21) 34380101-5, 34384621-3 (Ext. 103)

Registered Office:

9th Floor, Artistic Tower, Plot No.39/A-2, Block-6. P.E.C.H.S., Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.75400 Ph: (92-21) 34520132 - 35 Fax: (92-21) 34392182

Factories:

1) Hub Unit

A101-A105, A132-A136, A141-A144, A147-A150, Hub Industrial Trading Estate, Hub Chowki, Distt. Lasbella, Balochistan. Ph: (92-853) 363706 - 09 Fax: (92-853) 363907

M/s. National Bank of Pakistan M/s. Allied Bank Limited M/s. Bank Al-Falah Limited M/s. Meezan Bank Limited M/s. The Bank of Punjab

2) Gadoon Unit

34-A, 34-B, 35, 38-A and 88, Road-3, Industrial Estate, Gadoon Amazai, District Swabi, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. Ph: (92-938) 270150 - 52 Fax: (92-938) 270246



Vision

Dynea Pakistan is Market Leader in its core and diversified business, delighting its customers by providing quality products at competitive price through development of market, product range, technology and human whilst ensuring sound return to stakeholders.

Mission

Maximize productivity and sales of Formaldehyde, Resins for woodbased panel industries and Moulding Compounds and provide satisfaction to customers.



CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

Board Structure

The Board is made up of professionals with strong backgrounds in financial management, legal affairs, human resources, technical development and manufacturing operations. There are two committees reporting to the Board, namely the Audit Committee which incorporates Risk Management and the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee. This year the Board welcomes Ms. Naila Kassim, a specialist in Human Resources Management. This strengthens the Company's recruitment and remuneration functions.

Memberships of the Board and its committees are detailed in the Directors' Report. Two of seven directors are now women.

Dynamics and Functioning of the Board

Board meetings are held quarterly and otherwise as required. Attendance and participation are good and directors are available at other times to support management, in particular with compliance and legal matters, and health and safety. Their input is highly valued and much appreciated by both management and myself.

Both Board and committee meetings take place in a good atmosphere with full participation by those present. Inputs, even when critical, are constructive. Issues are discussed openly with the aim of resolution rather than confrontation. Feedback loops are built into the functions of the meetings to facilitate accountability.

Business Strategy Governance

In a mature market such as that in which the Company finds itself, it is not always easy to devise a strategy going forward. The strategy developed in 2010 to rebuild the Company was fully supported by the Board and the results speak for themselves.

Moving forward, the Company seeks to diversity its product range and its markets. A number of new products have been introduced since the last AGM with steady volume growth predicted. Export sales have consolidated and new markets added during the last 12 months. In another initiative, the Company is moving ahead with its aim to reduce its dependency on the external electricity network.

Strategy initiatives are generally introduced by management for input from directors. The Board maintains an oversight role as plans are implemented.

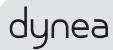
Financial Reporting Process, Internal Audit and Internal Controls

Systems are in place to ensure that financial management of all aspects of the Company's operations are managed with transparency, honesty and integrity. The input from PwC in their internal auditing role has significantly improved the financial management of the business by giving an unbiased overview of the Company's operations. Both the number and severity of their findings have reduced over the years. BDO Ebrahim and Co. is the Company's external auditor.

Risk Management

The Board is very conscious of the need to evaluate and manage risk to ensure business continuity. There has been a focus on maintaining sufficient cash reserves to tide the Company over tough times if required. Through a prudent investment strategy overseen by the Board, the Company has invested these funds to take advantage of the high returns available in financial markets.

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT



As well, to facilitate the remittance of dividends to non-resident shareholders, the Company adopted the practice of issuing interim dividends rather than waiting until the end of the financial year. Remittance of dividends is much easier now and I am pleased to advise that all remittances are currently up-to-date.

Collection of receivables continues to be a challenge in the depressed economic situation. The new tax filing and payment requirements have further unsettled matters while businesses adjust.

Monitoring Role

The Audit Committee and Board have implemented a programme whereby a number of Company policies and procedures are presented for review and updating at their meetings. Efforts are ongoing to maintain corporate governance compliance at a time of increasingly stricter requirements.

The Board also monitors itself. The annual evaluations of the Board and its committees has shown steady improvements over the years and the current ratings are at a high level. Weaknesses are highlighted and steps are taken to mitigate them.

Supporting and Advisory Role

As mentioned earlier in this review, the directors willingly give of their time and expertise on a regular basis. This is important to management. In addition to that, the Company may outsource support services that are beyond the scope of the Board and management to provide.

The Chairperson's Role

I see my role as Chairman as that of a leader and facilitator. I am not based in Pakistan, however, I visit regularly so that I can be involved in certain projects. At other times I maintain contact by telephone and videoconferencing. All in all, I think the Company's performance during the 2024-25 financial year is a credit to all concerned.

I wish to thank my fellow directors for their continued support of both myself and the Company's management. The direction and guidance provided by the Board of Directors is hereby acknowledged.

It is with thanks that I sign off on this review.

Karachi:

Dated: September 12, 2025

Donald Jenkin Chairman



DIRECTORS' REPORT

In Memoriam - Rafiq M. Habib (1937-2025)

Dynea Pakistan Limited mourns the passing of our Founding Director, Rafiq M. Habib, on September 3rd, 2025. He served as a director of Dynea Pakistan between 1982 to 2009. A visionary leader and philanthropist, he shaped Pakistan's industrial landscape with foresight, humility, and integrity. His values remain the cornerstone of our organisation.

We extend our deepest condolences to his family. May Allah grant him the highest place in Jannat-ul-Firdous.

The Directors of your Company are pleased to present the Annual Report together with the Company's Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2025.

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Company as at reporting date is as follows:

1.	Mr. Donald Jenkin - Chairman	Non-Executive
2.	Mr. Mustafa Jafar - Chief Executive Officer	Executive
3.	Mr. Adnan Afridi	Independent
4.	Mr. Lee Kin Seng	Non-Executive
5.	Ms. Anam Fatima Khan	Non-Executive
6.	Mr. Mazhar Valjee	Independent
7.	Ms. Naila Kassim ¹	Independent

¹Mr. Tariq Ahmed Khan resigned on April 25, 2025.as director a casual vacancy arose on the Board which was filled by Ms. Naila Kassim within the regulatory time frame.

The total number of Directors are seven as per the following:

a.	Male	5
b.	Female	2

The composition of the Board is as follows:

i.	Independent Directors	3
ii.	Non-executive directors	3
iii.	Executive director	1

The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

Audit Committee

Mr. Adnan Afridi	Chairman
Mr. Donald Jenkin	Member
Mr. Mazhar Valjee	Member
Ms. Anam Fatima Khan	Member

Human Resource and Remuneration Committee (HRRC)

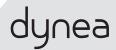
Ms. Naila Kassim	Chairperson
Mr. Donald Jenkin	Member
Mr. Mustafa Jafar	Member

Business Review

Economic Environment

In 2025, Pakistan's economy demonstrated gradual recovery, marked by easing inflation, reduced interest rates, improved foreign exchange reserves, and exchange rate stability. These developments helped sustain business activity and ensured the Company's ability to operate profitably despite persistent cost pressures.

DIRECTORS' REPORT



However, high energy prices, elevated debt servicing requirements and structural weaknesses in the economy continue to pose significant challenges. The government has taken steps to support near-term stability; however, meaningful structural reforms remain essential to place the economy on a sustainable long-term growth trajectory.

Contribution to the National Exchequer

The Company's contribution to the National Exchequer in the form of various taxes and levies for the year under review was Rs. 3,385 million (2023-24 was Rs.3,469 million).

Company Affairs and Principal Activities

The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs. Information is communicated to the shareholders in the annual report, interim quarterly reports, and through the information portal of the Pakistan Stock Exchange as and when required.

The Board encourages shareholders' participation at the Annual General Meetings and Corporate Briefing Sessions to ensure a high level of accountability. The Company's financial statements are available on the Company's website (www.dynea.com.pk) and an officer is designated to answer all shareholder enquiries.

The Company is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of formaldehyde, formaldehyde-based resins and moulding compounds.

Operations and Business

Sales revenue for 2024-25 was Rs.12,734 million compared to Rs. 12,760 million in the previous financial year and the profit before tax was Rs.1,423 million compared to Rs. 1,904 million in the previous financial year.

a. Resin Division

Turnover of the Resin Division in 2024-25 was Rs.3,810 million compared to Rs.4,290 million in the previous financial year, a decline of 11.2%. The segment result of the Resin Division was Rs.377 million compared to Rs. 775 million for the previous financial year.

b. Moulding Compound Division

Turnover of the Moulding Compound Division in 2024-25 was Rs.8,924 million compared to Rs. 8,470 million in the previous financial year, an increase of 5.4%. The segment result of the Moulding Compound Division was Rs.1,596 million compared to Rs.1,633 million for the previous financial year.

Financial Performance

Following are the summarised financial results of the Company for the year 2024-25:

	(Rupees '000')	
	2024 - 25	2023 - 24
Sales Revenue	12,734,285	12,759,896
Gross Profit	2,251,903	2,861,391
Profit Before Taxation	1,423,118	1,904,461
Profit After Taxation	867,653	1,191,509
Earnings per Share in Rupees	45.97	63.13

Future Outlook

The overall economic environment of the country will continue to affect the Company's operations for the foreseeable future. The Company has generally managed the situation well and management is confident that it has the resources to continue to do so. The Company holds a strong conviction in its management team, factory workforce, and the well-being of our customers' enterprises. This collective strength reinforces our confidence in attaining the sales targets for the upcoming year.

a. Market Diversification through Export

Exports have continued to demonstrate strong momentum, as sales to Afghanistan rose to 44% in FY25. The Company also commenced exports to Kenya during the year, strengthening its presence in international markets.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

b. Renewable Energy - Solar and Wind Turbine

The Company continues to prioritize sustainable energy solutions as part of its long-term commitment to reducing its carbon footprint. The solar energy system at the Gadoon factory in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa has not only delivered significant cost savings, but also reduced reliance on conventional energy sources. Building on this success, a similar system was commissioned at the Hub factory in Balochistan during the year. Looking ahead, planned installation of a wind turbine at the Hub facility will mark an important step towards making the factory fully grid-independent.

c. Resin Additives and PVA White Glue

This year, the Company commenced commercial production and sales of a new product category within the Resin Division, namely Resin Additives and PVA White Glue. Management expects this addition to strengthen market presence and positively contribute to profitability. The products are being manufactured using existing production facilities and infrastructure, requiring no major capital expenditure other than enhancements for storage and HSE related purposes.

Environment, Social and Governance

a. Health, Safety and Environmental Impact

Health and Safety has always been a priority for the Company and we take the wellbeing of our employees very seriously. This responsibility also extends outside the Company. The Company has worked with the owner of the bulk tank storage facility at the port to upgrade the handling and storage of methanol. Extending from this has been to work with the transport provider to utilise OGRA compliant vehicles for transportation of methanol to ensure we are in line with safety regulations.

On the environmental side the Company is extending its waste recycling initiative. In line with ISO guidelines, the HSE management system is incorporated into our Continuous Improvement Programme.

b. Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company takes its responsibilities to its community environment seriously by contributing in health, education and environmental issues.

For many years the Company has run a well-maintained primary school at Jenson Village in Hub. This school was established primarily for the children of the Company's employees but other children of the locality are also permitted to study at the school. Furthermore, the Company contributes 1% of PBT to charitable trusts and hospitals. The Company has actively participated in various social programmes in both Baluchistan and KP.

c. Risks, Uncertainties and their Management

The Company is committed to maintaining standards and has implemented a risk management framework to assess and mitigate risks across the organization. The Board has assessed that the biggest risks to Company and sector performance generally relate to the current economic environment. Duties and tariffs on imported raw materials, excessive corporate taxes and increasing fuel and energy costs coupled with declines in demand for our products contribute to a high level of uncertainty.

In order to sustainably improve energy efficiency, the Company has successfully launched its solar energy initiative to reduce reliance on non-renewable energy sources. We are committed to conserving natural resources. In line with this, an Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) has been installed at our Hub factory to recycle the water discharged from the plant's operations.

The Company realises that the structural changes to the country's economic management which need to be made will likely not be palatable. However, management and the Directors are confident that the Company is resilient enough to navigate these changes and emerge stronger. The Board and Company management are utilising their combined knowledge and expertise to minimise the impact of these many factors.

d. Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors and its Committees

In accordance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019, the Chairman has carried out an evaluation of performance of Board members, the Board as a whole and the performance of its committees.

DIRECTORS' REPORT



Overall, the evaluation outcome was positive and the members of the Board feel that the Board functions effectively and contributes to the operational wellbeing of the Company.

e. Remuneration Policy for Non-Executive and Independent Directors

The Board has implemented a formal policy supported by transparent procedures for fixing Directors' remuneration. In accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance, no Director is involved in the determination of their own remuneration package. The Company pays fees to non-executive Directors for attending meetings. In order to retain the best talent, the Company's remuneration policies are structured in line with prevailing industry trends and business practices.

f. Remuneration of Executive Director

Disclosure with respect to the remuneration of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer is given in note No.43 and 44 to the Financial Statements.

g. Directors' Training Programme

All directors have duly complied with the Directors' Training Programme requirement and criteria as prescribed in the regulations. During the year the company has arranged a Directors' Training Programme for its Head of Sales and Marketing and Head of Internal Audit.

h. Diversity and Inclusion

The Company believes that everyone plays a crucial role in fostering a fair and inclusive work environment that respects human rights and the diverse cultures in which we operate. By embracing diversity and individuality, we support and inspire each other to achieve excellence. The Company has a policy in place to promote gender diversity within the organization.

Harassment, unwelcome or unreasonable behavior, and discrimination of any kind are not tolerated and the Company has a harassment and discrimination policy designed to safeguard against such risks. We are committed to inclusion and diversity, encouraging everyone to be themselves and bring their unique perspectives to our business. These diverse perspectives and experiences strengthen our organisation, enhancing our ability to innovate and meet the requirements of our customers.

We actively encourage female employees to pursue senior positions and take on additional responsibilities based on their performance. This approach reinforces our company culture and helps us retain and cultivate top talent at all levels. The Company remains committed to managing sustainability through different measures, including by advancing DEI initiatives.

i. Gender Pay Gap

The gender pay gap calculated for the year 2024-25 is:

	Mean	Median
Non-management	26.81%	25.22%

Management	Mean	Median	
Upper	No Female Employees in Upper Management		
Middle	(0.3)%	(0.3)% (8.24)%	
Lower	3.15%	(6)%	

As per Dynea's compensation philosophy, both management and non-management employees are hired based on salary bands benchmarked with the market, irrespective of gender. The variation in pay is due to individual performance over time, employment tenure, and specific skill sets.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Adequacy of Internal Financial Controls

Internal audit services continue to be outsourced. During the year, material findings of the internal and external auditors were addressed on a priority basis by the management and their status was tabled for discussion at the quarterly Audit Committee meetings.

The Board contains a strong representation of Directors with backgrounds in finance, banking and business management. Systems are in place to ensure that financial management of all aspects of the Company's operations are managed with transparency, honesty and integrity. The outsourcing of the internal audit function to PwC adds further strength to the financial management of the business by giving an unbiased overview of the Company's operations.

Based upon the results achieved from reviews, ongoing testing of financial reporting controls and audits conducted during the year, the Company considers that the existing system of internal controls is adequate and is being effectively implemented and monitored. The SAP ERP system has been successfully operating for three years, enhancing financial management and control. The Directors continuously monitor the adequacy, effectiveness and promptness of internal financial controls.

Transactions with Related Parties

All transactions with related parties as entered into by the Company in its ordinary course of business are at an arm's length basis and they have been disclosed in the financial statements under the relevant notes.

Material Changes and Commitments

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company that have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the balance sheet relates and the date of the report, other than disclosed in the financial statements, or in this report.

Dividend and Appropriations

In view of the Company's performance during the outgoing financial year, the Directors have already paid an interim dividend of Rs. 5.00 per share, i.e., 100% and now propose payment of Rs.10.00 per share, i.e., 200% as final dividend to the shareholders. The Directors have also announced a transfer of Rs.1 billion to the general reserve.

Trading of Shares of the Company

During the year ended June 30, 2025 the Directors, the Executives, and their spouses and minor children have not carried out any trading of shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the Pattern of Shareholding.

Code of Corporate Governance

The Directors and management of the Company are committed to good corporate governance. As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, the Directors are pleased to state as follows:

- i. The financial statements prepared by the management of the Company present fairly the Company's state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flow and changes in equity.
- ii. Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- iii. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements and the accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- iv. International Financial Reporting Standards have been used as the basis for the preparation of the financial statements and any departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed and explained.
- v. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- vi. There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Information about this issue is being presented separately in this report.
- vii. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance as detailed in the listing regulations. A Code of Conduct has been prepared and delivered to every director and employee.
- viii. The Board of Directors has adopted Vision and Mission Statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT



- ix. Information about taxes and levies is given in the notes to the accounts.
- x. The value of the investments in the Company's provident fund scheme, based on un-audited accounts for the year ended June 30, 2025, stands at Rs.110 million.
- xi. Statements are annexed in respect of the following:
 - · Key financial data for the last six years.
 - · Pattern of shareholding.
- xii. During the year under review the Board of Directors convened six times and attendance of the respective directors was as follows:

Name of Board Members	Meetings Attended
Mr. Donald Jenkin (Chairman)	6/6
Mr. Mustafa Jafar (Chief Executive Officer)	6/6
Mr. Adnan Afridi	6/6
Mr. Lee Kin Seng	5/6
Ms. Anam Fatima Khan	6/6
Mr. Mazhar Valjee	6/6
Ms. Naila Kassim	1/2
Mr. Tariq Ahmed Khan*	3/3

^{*}Mr. Tariq Ahmed Khan resigned on April 25, 2025. The Board acknowledges his valuable contribution for the Company and Ms. Naila Kassim was appointed in his place.

xiii. The Audit Committee convened four times and attendance of the respective directors was as follows:

Name of Directors	Meetings Attended
Mr. Adnan Afridi (Chairman)	4/4
Mr. Donald Jenkin	4/4
Mr. Mazhar Valjee	4/4
Ms. Anam Fatima Khan*	2/2

^{*} On October 28, 2024, the Audit Committee was assigned the additional role of overseeing sustainability matters. On the same date Ms. Anam Fatima Khan was inducted as a member of the Audit Committee.

xiv. The Human Resource and Remuneration Committee convened two times and attendance of the respective directors was as follows:

Name of Directors	Meetings Attended
Ms. Naila Kassim (Chairperson)*	0/0
Mr. Donald Jenkin	2/2
Mr. Mustafa Jafar	2/2
Ms. Anam Fatima Khan	2/2

^{*}Ms. Naila Kassim was appointed as Chairperson of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee on June 30, 2025, succeeding Ms. Anam Fatima Khan, following the election of Directors held on June 27, 2025.

xv. All Board and Committee meetings have option of alternating meeting through video conferencing.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Vend Fee and Permit Fee Case

The Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh (the Department) imposed a vend and permit fee on methanol, a major raw material used by the Company in the production of its products. The Company filed a petition against the imposition of these levies in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (HCS) in August 1996. In June 2001, the Honourable HCS decided the case in the favour of the Company. However, the Department filed an appeal in the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) against the above judgement. The Honourable SCP suspended the decision of the Honourable HCS and reverted the instant case back to the Honourable HCS for fresh hearing. In March, 2003, the Honourable HCS once again decided the case in favour of the Company. The Department once again filed an appeal before the Honourable SCP.

In December 2019, The Government of Sindh filed an application that the Department will not press the case and connected appeals, and that a fresh demand shall be raised following the notification dated 14th February 2002 and Sindh (Amendment) Abkari Ordinance 2002 notified on 30th October 2002. In addition to that, the Department would surrender the demand secured by Indemnity Bonds for the period 1990 up to October 2002. The Supreme Court accepted the withdrawal on those terms. Upon the receipt of the fresh demand from the Department, the Company intends to approach the relevant Court of Justice to defend the case. No such demand has been raised by the Excise Department as yet. The Company expects, based on the view of the legal advisor and the merits of the case, that the decision will again be in favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision for any liability has been made in these financial statements. The Board and management are confident that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern.

Appointment of Auditors

M/s. BDO Ebrahim & Co., Chartered Accountants, consented to act as auditor for the ensuing year. They have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. The Directors recommend that they be appointed for the upcoming year.

Chairman's Review

The Directors of the Company endorse the contents of the Chairperson's Review dealing with the overall performance of the Company, future outlook and report on the performance and effectiveness of the Board.

Acknowledgement

The Directors acknowledge and extend their appreciation to all the stakeholders for their efforts in contributing to the satisfactory outcome for the current financial year, especially the support received from the financial institutions, customers and employees of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

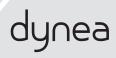
Mustafa Jafar

Chief Executive Officer

Donald Jenkin Chairman

Karachi: September 12, 2025



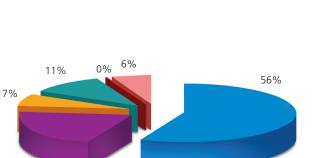


	2024-25	2023-24	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20
	····· (Rupees in thousands)					
FINANCIAL POSITION:						
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	4,878,532	4,293,965	3,432,724	2,909,103	2,381,961	1,584,896
TOTAL ASSETS	6,314,557	5,553,036	4,556,321	3,906,234	3,407,590	2,345,880
OPERATING RESULTS:						
TURNOVER	12,734,285	12,759,896	11,080,438	9,536,325	6,827,204	4,492,455
PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION	1,423,118	1,904,461	1,079,961	1,010,140	1,328,754	358,664
TAXATION	(555,465)	(712,952)	(414,797)	(388,635)	(390,145)	(105,315)
PROFIT / (LOSS) AFTER TAXATION	867,653	1,191,509	665,164	621,504	938,609	253,349
EARNING / (LOSS) PER SHARE Rs.	45.97	63.13	35.25	32.93	49.73	13.42
CASH DIVIDENDS %	300.00	350.00	200.00	150.00	150.00	100.00

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0.86% 69.47% 29.67%

Resin Moulding Compound Other Income



Duties and Taxes

Financial Expenses Profit After Taxation

Factory and Other Cost

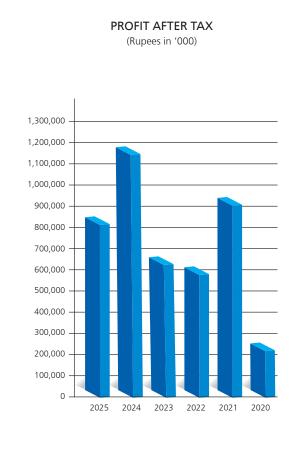
APPLICATION OF FUNDS

20%

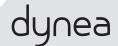
Raw Material

Man Power

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Rupees in '000) 5,000,000 4,500,000 4,000,000 3,500,000 3,000,000 2,500,000 2,000,000 1,500,000 1,000,000 500,000 2025 2021 2020 2024 2023 2022 Reserve Paid-up capital



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019



DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner: -

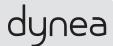
1. The total number of directors are seven as per the following:

a.	Male	5
b.	Female	2

2. The composition of the Board is as follows:

i.	Independent directors	Mr. Adnan Afridi
	(Including female director)	Ms. Naila Kassim
		Mr. Mazhar Valjee
ii.	Non-executive directors	Mr. Donald Jenkin - Chairman
	(Including female director)	Mr. Lee Kin Seng
		Ms. Anam Fatima Khan
iii.	Executive director	Mr. Mustafa Jafar

- 3. During the year, one casual vacancy occurred in the Board of Directors which was filled up within the regulatory time frame;
- 4. Election of Directors was held on June 27, 2025 and the related pre/post requirements of the relevant laws and regulations have also been complied with;
- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company;
- The Company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 7. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company;
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;
- 9. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- 10. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;
- 11. All Directors have either completed Directors' Training program or are exempt from doing so under these Regulations. During the year the Company has arranged a directors' training program for its executives (Mr. Farhan Abdul Khaliq Head of Sales & Marketing and Ms. Nargis Iqbal Head of Internal Audit);
- 12. The Board has approved appointment of head of internal audit, including his remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations. However, no new appointments or change in terms and conditions of chief financial officer and company secretary took place during the year while the Board has duly approved their change in remuneration;



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

- 13. Chief financial officer and chief executive officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board:
- 14. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

a) Audit Committee (BAC)

Mr. Adnan Afridi Chairman
Mr. Donald Jenkin Member
Mr. Mazhar Valjee Member
Ms. Anam Fatima Khan Member

b) Human Resource and Remuneration Committee (HRRC)

Ms. Naila Kassim

Mr. Donald Jenkin

Mr. Mustafa Jafar

Member

- 15. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the Committee for compliance;
- 16. The frequency of meetings of the Committees were as per following:

a) Audit Committee: Four- quarterly meetings during the year.

b) HR and Remuneration Committee: Two meetings during the year.

- 17. The board has outsourced the internal audit function to M/s. A.F. Ferguson & Co, Chartered Accountants (a member of the PwC network) who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company;
- 18. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the Company;
- 19. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard; and
- 20. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3 (Number of Directorship), 6 (Independent Director), 7 (Female Director), 8 (Executive Director), 27 (Audit Committee), 32 (Terms of appointment of external auditor), 33 (Rotation of auditors) and 36 (Compliance Statement and Auditor Review) of the Regulations have been complied with.

Donald Jenkin

Chairman

Mustafa Jafar Chief Executive Officer

Karachi:

September 12, 2025



Tel: +92 21 3568 3030 Fax: +92 21 3568 4239 www.bdo.com.pk 2nd Floor, Block-C Lakson Square, Building No.1 Sarwar Shaheed Road Karachi-74200 Pakistan

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE CONTAINED IN LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Dynea Pakistan Limited for the year ended June 30, 2025 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025.

KARACHI

DATED: 19 SEP 2025

UDIN: CR2025100673jl8fhrJ5

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Engagement Partner: Zulfikar Ali causer

BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial StatementsOpinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2025, and of the profit, its other comprehensive income, its changes in equity and cash flows the for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to note 27.1 to the financial statements which describes the details regarding the significant uncertainty of a contingency pertaining to vend and permit fee. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of the most significance inour audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the contextof our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The following are the Key audit matters:

1. Valuation of stock-in-trade	
The state of the s	
As at June 30, 2025, the Company held stock-in-trade amounting to Rs. 1,820.503 million, which constitutes 29% of the total assets, as disclosed in notes 14 to the financial statements. As further described in notes 7.5 to the financial statements, stock-in-trade is measured at a lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of finished goods is determined by an average manufacturing cost including a proportion of production overheads, including assessment of provision for slow moving and obsolete stock in trade Due to the significance of inventory balances and related estimations involved in valuing the inventory, we considered this as a key audit matter. Our audit procedures in respect of of stock-in-trade, amongst others, the following: Obtained an understanding company's process with respect valuation of stock-in-trade an controls relevant to such process. Attended the physical inventory the year-end, carried out by the and observed the stock count to any obsolete or damaged item inventory. Obtained an understanding management's determination realizable value (NRV) and estimates adopted, including selling prices, future costs to work in process and costs nec make the sale and their basis. Company's process with respect valuation of stock-in-trade an controls relevant to such process. Attended the physical inventory the year-end, carried out by the and observed the stock count to any obsolete or damaged item inventory. Obtained an understanding management's determination realizable value (NRV) and estimates adopted, including selling prices, future costs to work in process and costs nec make the sale and their basis.	of the ct to the d tested; count at Company o identify as in the mg of of net the key g future complete essary to de value eview of end using a-trade to

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S. No	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
		 Verified on test basis, the weighted average calculations of raw material stock as per accounting policy. Tested the calculations of the actual overhead costs and checked allocation of labor and overhead costs to the finished goods and work in process. Evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures presented in the financial statements regarding stock in trade in accordance with the applicable accounting and auditing standards as applicable in
2.	Davis Da as multi-	Pakistan.
2.	As disclosed in notes 28 to the accompanying financial statements, the Company has reported net sales of Rs. 12,734.285 million during the year. The revenue is largely susceptible to the risk of occurrence / completeness / accuracy / classification and cut-off which may misstate the Company's reported financial performance and position as at the reporting date. Therefore, given the risks involved, we identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter.	Our audit procedures in respect of valuation of revenue recognition, amongst others, included the following: Obtained an understanding of the process relating to recording revenue from contracts with customers and testing the design and operating effectiveness of relevant key internal controls implemented around the sales process. Performed a test of details on revenue recognized during the year, on a sample basis, including review of order receipt, invoice, and dispatch notes. Performed a test of details in revenue transactions occurring either immediately before or after the year's end to assess the recording of revenue in the relevant accounting period.

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S. No	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit				
		 Performed analytical procedures ascertain the reasoning of mag fluctuations. 				
		 Assessed the adequacy of the related disclosures presented in the financial statements and assessed these in accordance with applicable financial reporting framework. 				

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other informationand, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessaryto enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to ceaseoperations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole arefree from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud mayinvolve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

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We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter shouldnot be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIXof 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of cash flows, and the statement of changes in equity together with the notes thereonhave been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditures incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Zulfikar Ali Causer.

KARACHI

BDO EBRAHIM & CO.

DATED: 19 SEP 2025

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

UDIN: AR2025100679Up38wWSv

BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
ASSETS		(Rupees)	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
	8	074 270 675	881,542,992
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	9	971,370,675 —	14,906,270
Long-term loans	10	26,485,250	10,783,434
Long-term deposits & Prepayments	11	16,375,359	10,391,750
Deferred taxation - net	12	77,087,097	91,584,073
		1,091,318,381	1,009,208,519
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores and spares	13	83,851,917	73,405,994
Stock-in-trade	14	1,820,503,720	1,817,709,274
Trade debts	15	1,591,255,632	1,534,553,571
Loans and advances	16	114,005,951	53,248,934
Trade deposits, prepayments and other receivables	17	11,520,667	19,191,593
Accrued mark-up	40	19,728,883	40,791,252
Short term investment Cash and bank balances	18 19	625,906,091 956,465,900	664,327,357
Casti and bank balances	19	5,223,238,761	340,599,555 4,543,827,530
TOTAL ASSETS		6,314,557,141	5,553,036,049
		0,514,557,141	3,333,030,049
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Authorised share capital 40,000,000 (2024: 40,000,000) ordinary			
shares of Rs. 5/- each		200,000,000	200,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	20	94,362,065	94,362,065
Revenue reserves	20	4,784,169,948	4,199,603,162
		4,878,532,013	4,293,965,227
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		,, ,	,,,
Long-term financing - secured	21		11 040 006
Deferred income	22		11,949,006 243,621
Lease liabilities	23	20,168,466	27,373,609
		20,168,466	39,566,236
CURRENT LIABILITIES		20,100,100	00,000,200
Trade and other payables	24	1,312,471,827	1,048,164,306
Accrued mark-up	24	201,042	1,601,969
Short-term running finance	25	-	38,103,419
Current maturity of long-term financing	21	13,613,723	27,714,317
Current maturity of deferred income	22	243,638	1,664,417
Current maturity of lease liabilities	23	16,471,623	15,322,440
Taxation - net	26	61,538,246	76,604,937
Unclaimed dividend		11,316,563	10,328,781
		1,415,856,662	1,219,504,586
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		6,314,557,141	5,553,036,049
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	27		

The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MUSTAFA JAFAR Chief Executive Officer

DONALD JENKIN Chairman SHAKEEL UDDIN Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025



	Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
		(Rup	ees)
Turnover - net	28	12,734,285,164	12,759,895,624
Cost of sales	29	(10,482,382,373)	(9,898,505,029)
Gross profit		2,251,902,791	2,861,390,595
Distribution costs	30	(468,229,190)	(355,467,755)
Administrative expenses	31	(397,174,488)	(349,358,443)
Reversal / (Allowance) for expected credit loss	15.1	73,118,564	(192,293,846)
		(792,285,114)	(897,120,044)
Other income	32	131,845,610	143,966,363
Operating profit		1,591,463,287	2,108,236,914
Finance costs	33	(32,516,925)	(34,093,479)
Other charges / expenses	34	(135,828,011)	(169,682,481)
		(168,344,936)	(203,775,960)
Profit before income tax and final tax		1,423,118,351	1,904,460,954
Final tax	35	(1,643,290)	(6,699,081)
Profit before income tax		1,421,475,061	1,897,761,873
Income tax	36	(553,821,993)	(706,252,872)
Profit for the year		867,653,068	1,191,509,001
Basic and diluted earnings per share	37	45.97	63.13

The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MUSTAFA JAFAR
Chief Executive Officer

DONALD JENKIN Chairman SHAKEEL UDDIN
Chief Financial Officer



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	(Rupees)	
Profit for the year	867,653,068	1,191,509,001
Other comprehensive income	_	_
Total comprehensive income for the year	867,653,068	1,191,509,001

The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MUSTAFA JAFAR
Chief Executive Officer

DONALD JENKIN Chairman SHAKEEL UDDIN Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025



		F			
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	General reserve	Unappropriated profit	Sub Total	Total
			· (Rupees)		
Balance as at July 1, 2023	94,362,065	2,141,000,000	1,197,361,695	3,338,361,695	3,432,723,760
Transferred to general reserve	_	500,000,000	(500,000,000)	_	_
Transaction with owners:					
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2023 @ Rs. 10.00 per share	_	_	(188,724,436)	(188,724,436)	(188,724,436)
Interim dividend for the half year ended December 31, 2023 @ Rs. 7.50 per share	_	_	(141,543,098)	(141,543,098)	(141,543,098)
Transaction with owners	_	_	(330,267,534)	(330,267,534)	(330,267,534)
Profit for the year	_	_	1,191,509,001	1,191,509,001	1,191,509,001
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	1,191,509,001	1,191,509,001	1,191,509,001
Balance as at June 30, 2024	94,362,065	2,641,000,000	1,558,603,162	4,199,603,162	4,293,965,227
Transferred to general reserve	-	500,000,000	(500,000,000)	_	-
Transaction with owners:					
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2024 @ Rs. 10.00 per share	_	_	(188,724,141)	(188,724,141)	(188,724,141)
Interim dividend for the half year ended December 31, 2024 @ Rs. 5.00 per share	_	_	(94,362,141)	(94,362,141)	(94,362,141)
Transaction with owners	_	_	(283,086,282)	(283,086,282)	(283,086,282)
Profit for the year	_	_	867,653,068	867,653,068	867,653,068
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	867,653,068	867,653,068	867,653,068
Balance as at June 30, 2025	94,362,065	3,141,000,000	1,643,169,948	4,784,169,948	4,878,532,013
The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an int	earal part of thos	ee financial statem	nente		

The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MUSTAFA JAFAR
Chief Executive Officer

DONALD JENKIN Chairman SHAKEEL UDDIN Chief Financial Officer



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
		(Rupe	ees)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		1,421,475,061	1,897,761,873
Adjustments for non-cash and other items			
Depreciation on operating fixed assets	8.1.3	206,132,927	191,223,274
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	8.3.2	11,193,948	6,899,241
Amortisation	9.1	14,906,270	14,906,271
(Reversal) / allowance for expected credit loss Finance costs	15.1 33	(73,118,564) 32,516,923	192,293,846 34,093,479
Amortization of deferred income	32	(1,664,400)	(3,100,401)
Gain on disposals of operating fixed assets	32	(7,715,350)	(11,830,873)
		182,251,754	424,484,837
Profit before working capital changes		1,603,726,815	2,322,246,710
Increase in current assets			
Stores and spares		(10,445,923)	(19,712,425)
Stock-in-trade		(2,794,446)	(724,392,944)
Trade debts		16,416,503	(394,498,514)
Loans and advances		(60,757,017)	55,927,616
Trade deposits, prepayments and other receivables Accrued mark-up		7,670,926 21,062,369	245,884,099 (29,764,018)
Accided mark-up		(28,847,588)	(866,556,186)
Increase in current liabilities		(20,047,500)	(000,000,100)
Trade and other payables		264,307,521	122,327,361
		1,839,186,748	1,578,017,885
Finance costs paid		(22,569,406)	(25,656,430)
Income taxes paid		(554,391,707)	(776,991,154)
Long-term loans and deposits - net		(21,685,425)	(13,067,342)
Net cash generated from operating activities		1,240,540,210	762,302,959
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(040,004,005)	(000,400,000)
Capital expenditure Short term investments		(310,681,865)	(200,486,629)
Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets		38,421,266 11,242,659	(510,030,755) 16,521,035
Net cash from / (used) in investing activities		(261,017,940)	(693,996,349)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(===,===,===,	(000,000,000)
Long term financing paid	21.1.1	(28,131,566)	(28,517,503)
Lease rentals paid	23.1	(15,322,440)	(11,070,879)
Dividend paid	41	(282,098,500)	(367,734,965)
Net cash used in financing activities		(325,552,506)	(407,323,347)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		653,969,764	(339,016,737)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		302,496,136	641,512,873
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	19.3	956,465,900	302,496,136

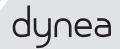
The annexed notes from 1 to 50 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MUSTAFA JAFAR
Chief Executive Officer

DONALD JENKIN
Chairman

SHAKEEL UDDIN Chief Financial Officer

28 ANNUAL REPORT 2025



1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Dynea Pakistan Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company, under the repealed Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017) on June 20, 1982 and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Company is engaged in the manufacture and sale of formaldehyde, urea / melamine formaldehyde and moulding compound. The registered office of the Company is situated at 9th Floor, Artistic Tower, Plot No.39/A-2, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi (75400), Sindh, Pakistan.

2 GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATIONS AND ADDRESSES

Geographical locations and addresses of all the business units are as under:

Location Business unit

Karachi

9th Floor, Artistic Tower, Plot No.39/A-2, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S

Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi (75400), Sindh, Pakistan.

Registered office

Hub

A101-105, A132-136, A141-144, A147-150, H.I.T.E.,
Hub Chowki, District Lasbella, Balochistan.

Production plant

Gadoor

34-A, 34-B, 35, 38-A & 88, Road-3, Industrial Estate, Gadoon Amazai,
District Swabi, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

Production plant

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan comprise of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under Companies Act, 2017 (the "Act") and, provisions of and directives issued under the Act. Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

4 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

- 4.1 These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, otherwise specifically stated.
- 4.2 These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

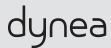
5 APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING STANDARDS AS APPLICABLE IN PAKISTAN

5.1 New accounting standards, amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2025

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended June 30, 2025. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or did not have significant impact on the financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures'-Supplier finance arrangements	January 01, 2024
Amendments to IFRS 16 'Leases' - Amendments to clarify how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions	January 01, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	January 01, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Non-current liabilities with covenants	January 01, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' - Supplier finance arrangements	January 01, 2024



5.2 New accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments

January 01, 2026

Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments

January 01, 2026

Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange
Rates' - Lack of Exchangeability

January 01, 2025

Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Amendments regarding nature-dependent electricity contracts that are often structured as power purchase agreements (PPAs)

January 01, 2026

Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding
nature-dependent electricity contracts that are often structured as power
purchase agreements (PPAs)

January 01, 2026

January 01, 2026

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs and IASs.

IFRS 1 'First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards' has been issued by IASB effective from July 01, 2009. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

IFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements' has been issued by IASB effective from January 01, 2027. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

IFRS 19 'Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures' has been issued by IASB effective from January 01, 2027. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

IFRS 17 - 'Insurance contracts' has been notified by the IASB to be effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. However SECP has notified the timeframe for the adoption of IFRS - 17 which will be adopted by January 01, 2026.

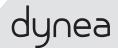
6 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

residual values, method of depreciation, amortisation and useful lives of operating fixed assets, right-of-use assets and intangible assets
 impairment of financial and non-financial assets
 lease liabilities
 provisions
 7.1, 8.1, 8.3 & 9.1
 7.3 & 7.15.5
 7.10 & 23
 7.13

recognition of taxation
contingencies
7.17, 12 & 36
7.23 & 27



7 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION

7.1 Property, plant and equipment

7.1.1 Operating fixed assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any, except for freehold land which is stated at cost. Depreciation is charged to statement of profit or loss using the straight line method, at the rates specified in note 8.1 to these financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month when the asset is available for it's intended use and no depreciation is charged in the month in which the asset is disposed off. Leasehold land is amortised in equal installments over the lease period of 33, 70, 75 and 99 years.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to statement of profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Gains and losses on disposal of operating fixed assets are recognized in statement of profit or loss in the period of disposal.

7.1.2 Capital work in progress

These are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and represents expenditures incurred and advances made in respect of specific assets during the construction / erection period. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets are available for use.

7.1.3 Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease rentals made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognized right-of-use assets are depreciated using straight line method. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lower of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as disclosed in note 8.3

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of an asset.

7.2 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any, except for intangibles under development which are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. Amortisation is charged to statement of profit or loss using the straight line method.

7.3 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of non-financial assets other than inventories are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense in statement of profit or loss, for the amount by which the assets carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an assets fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment had been recognised.

7.4 Stores and spares

Stores, spares and loose tools are stated at cost less impairment for slow moving and obsolete items. The cost is determined by the weighted moving average cost method except for those in transit which are valued at purchase price, freight value and other charges incurred thereon upto the reporting date.

7.5 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade except goods in transit are valued at the lower of cost and Net realisable value(NRV). Cost is determined as follows:

Raw and packing materials
Purchase cost and other direct expenses on weighted average basis



Finished goods Cost of direct materials, labour and attributable overheads

Goods in-transit and stock

in bonded warehouse Invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon upto the statement of financial position date.

NRV signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

7.6 Trade debts, loans, deposits, accrued mark-up and other receivables

Trade debts, loans, deposits, accrued markup and other receivables are stated initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Impairment for loans, deposits and other receivables is made on the basis of lifetime Expected credit loss (ECL) that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade debts, loans, deposits, accrued mark-up and other receivables. Bad debts are written off when considered irrecoverable.

7.7 Ijarah rentals

ljarah payments for assets under ljarah finance agreements are recognised as an expense in statement of profit or loss on a straight line basis over the ljarah term.

7.8 Cash and cash equivalents

These are stated at cost. For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and bank balances net off short-term running finance, if any.

7.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs, if any, are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset.

7.10 Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the initial application date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered of low-value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

7.11 Trade and other payables

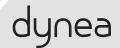
Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

7.12 Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

7.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised in the statement of financial position where the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that out flow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.



7.14 Deferred income

The benefit of a long-term finance at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a deferred income, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates. The deferred income is held on the statement of financial position as a deferred credit and realised to the statement of profit or loss over systematic basis.

7.15 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

7.15.1 Financial assets

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are classified at initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 ' Revenue from Contract with Customers'.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (FVOCI) with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments); and
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

The Company measures financial assets at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate(EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets designated at FVOCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.



Financial assets at FVPL

Financial assets at FVPL include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at FVPL or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at FVPL on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at FVPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

This category also includes derivative instruments and listed equity investments which the Company had not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI. Dividends on equity investments are also recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

The Company has not designated any financial asset at FVPL.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the
 received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the
 Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred
 nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

7.15.2 Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVPL, loans and borrowings, trade payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

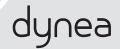
Financial liabilities at FVPL

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at FVPL.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost

After initial recognition, borrowings and payables are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.



Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses arising in respect of borrowings in foreign currency are added to the carrying amount of the borrowing.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

7.15.3 Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss. This category applies to long-term financing of the Company as disclosed in note 21 to the financial statements.

7.15.4 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle liabilities simultaneously. Incomes and expenses arising from such assets and liabilities are also offset accordingly.

7.15.5 Impairment of financial assets

Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company.

At each statement of financial position date, the Company assesses whether financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the respective asset.

The Company uses the standard's simplified approach and calculates ECL based on life time ECL on its financial assets. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the financial assets and the economic environment.

7.16 Employee retirement benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Company operates a recognized provident fund for its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made to the fund by the Company and the employees in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The Company has no further obligation once the contributions have been paid. The contributions made by the Company are recognized as employee benefit expenses when they are due.

Compensated absences

The Company accounts for these benefits in the accounting period in which the absences are earned. Provisions to cover the obligations are made using the current salary levels of employees.

7.17 Taxation- Levy and taxes

7.17.1 Levy

The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan has issued IAS 12 Application Guidance on Accounting for Minimum Taxes and Final Taxes and defined two approaches for bifurcation of tax between current and minimum taxes. Accordingly, the Company has accounting policy to recognise minimum tax or final tax if any on any amount over the current tax as



levy under IAS-37 "Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets" which was previously recognised as Income tax liabilities.

7.17.2 Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case it is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date after taking into account tax credits and tax rebates. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method, on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts appearing in the financial statements. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the future and taxable income will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income.

7.18 Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods is transferred which generally coincides with the delivery of the goods to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements because it typically controls the goods before transferring those to the customer.

Sale of goods

Performance obligations held by the Company are not separable, and are not partially satisfied, since they are satisfied at a point in time, when the goods are delivered to the customer. Moreover, the payment terms identified in most sources of revenue are short term usually 30 to 90 days upon delivery. Revenue is recorded at net of trade discounts and rebates, if any.

Other income

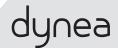
- Return on bank deposits / saving accounts is recognised on effective interest rate method.
- Return on short-term investments measured at amortized cost is recognised on effective interest rate method.
- Scrap Sale and any other income is accounted for on accrual basis.

7.19 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Pakistani rupees at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into Pak Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange differences are taken to statement of profit or loss.

7.20 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.



7.21 Dividends distribution and appropriation to / from reserves

Dividend and appropriation to / from reserve are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved. Transfer between reserves made subsequent to the statement of financial position date is considered as a non-adjusting event and is recognised in the financial statements in the period in which such transfers are made.

7.22 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segments of the Company. An operating segment is an identifiable component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components and for which discrete financial information is available. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the senior management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance.

Segment results that are reported to the senior management include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets, income tax assets / liabilities and related income and expenditure. Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the year to acquire property, plant and equipment.

The business segments are engaged in providing products which are subject to risks and rewards which differ from the risk and rewards of other segments. Segments reported are as follows:

Resin division

The resin division produces urea / melamine formaldehyde and formaldehyde.

Moulding compound division

The moulding compound division produces urea / melamine formaldehyde moulding compound and melamine glazing powder.

7.23 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

7.24 Sales tax

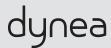
Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised, net off amount of sales tax except:

- where sales tax incurred on a purchase of asset or service is not recoverable from the taxation authorities, in which
 case the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as
 applicable;
- receivables or payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax; and
- the net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the Taxation authorities is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

7.25 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted Earnings Per Share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit / loss for the period as appearing in the statement of profit or loss of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit / loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

8.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rupe	es)
	Operating fixed assets	8.1	937,788,811	821,203,600
	Capital work-in-progress	8.2	_	15,563,580
	Right-of-use assets	8.3	33,581,864	44,775,812
			971,370,675	881,542,992



8.1 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The following is the statement of property, plant and equipment:

Description	Free Hold Land	Lease Hold Land	Buildings on freehold land	Buildings on leasehold land	Plant & Machinery	Electrical Installations	Furniture, fittings and leasehold improvements	Office Equipment	Computers	Vehicles	Total
Year ended June 30, 2025											
Net carrying value basis											
Opening net book value (NBV)	659,961	78,385,421	-	126,544,511	487,633,596	9,729,746	34,544,366	4,660,870	19,806,407	59,238,722	821,203,600
Additions (at cost)	-	115,050,000	-	1,463,727	47,961,039	-	-	2,107,364	7,584,834	75,079,760	249,246,724
Transfer from CWIP	-	-	-	14,384,363	62,614,364	-	-	-	-	-	76,998,727
Disposal (NBV)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,025)	(3,521,288)	(3,527,313)
Depreciation charge	-	(1,293,113)	-	(23,104,587)	(125,664,652)	(3,992,667)	(7,043,452)	(1,621,098)	(15,510,333)	(27,903,025)	(206,132,927)
Closing net book value	659,961	192,142,308	_	119,288,014	472,544,347	5,737,079	27,500,914	5,147,136	11,874,883	102,894,169	937,788,811
Gross carrying value basis											
Cost	659,961	199,515,489	20,307,457	350,782,064	1,631,637,959	80,890,403	36,435,627	15,056,333	74,682,698	160,744,612	2,570,712,603
Accumulated depreciation	-	(7,373,181)	(20,307,457)	(231,494,056)(1,159,093,606)	(75,153,324)	(8,934,713)	(9,909,197)	(62,807,815)	(57,850,443)	(1,632,923,792)
Net book value	659,961	192,142,308		119,288,008	472,544,353	5,737,079	27,500,914	5,147,136	11,874,883	102,894,169	937,788,811
Year ended June 30, 2024											
Net carrying value basis											
Opening net book value (NBV)	659,961	79,465,479	-	152,973,543	466,022,951	15,929,140	63,161	3,414,521	23,958,926	31,874,027	774,361,709
Additions (at cost)	-	-	-	-	60,139,412	-	35,091,259	2,871,419	11,589,663	50,593,500	160,285,253
Transfer from CWIP	-	-	-	-	85,370,100	-	-	-	-	-	85,370,100
Disposal (NBV)	-	-	-	-	(7)	-	-	-	(482,222)	(7,107,959)	(7,590,188)
Depreciation charge	_	(1,080,058)		(26,429,032)	(123,898,860)	(6,199,394)	(610,054)	(1,625,070)	(15,259,960)	(16,120,846)	(191,223,274)
Closing net book value	659,961	78,385,421	-	126,544,511	487,633,596	9,729,746	34,544,366	4,660,870	19,806,407	59,238,722	821,203,600
Gross carrying value basis											
Cost	659,961	84,465,489	20,307,457	334,933,980	1,533,971,047	80,890,403	36,435,627	14,133,041	70,484,723	95,748,252	2,272,029,980
Accumulated depreciation		(6,080,068)	(20,307,457)	(208,389,469)(1,046,337,451)	(71,160,657)	(1,891,261)	(9,472,171)	(50,678,316)	(36,509,530)	(1,450,826,380)
Net book value	659,961	78,385,421	_	126,544,511	487,633,596	9,729,746	34,544,366	4,660,870	19,806,407	59,238,722	821,203,600
Depreciation rate % per annum	-	33, 70, 75, 99 ye	ears 10.00%	10.00%	16.67%	16.67%	20.00%	20.00%	33.00%	20.00%	

- 8.1.1 Includes assets costing Rs. 1,039.99 million (2024: 990.94 million) which are fully depreciated.
- **8.1.2** Particulars of immovable property (i.e. freehold land, leasehold land and buildings thereon) in the name of Company are as follows:

Location	Use of immovable property	Total area
A101-105, A132-136, A141-144, A147-150, H.I.T.E., Hub Chowki, District Lasbella, Balochistan.	Production plant	55,810.42 Square meters
34-A, 34-B, 35, 38-A & 88 Road-3, Industrial Estate, Gadoon Amazai, District Swabi, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.	Production plant	40,468.6 Square meters



8.1.3 Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

					Note		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
							(Rupee	es)
	Cost of sales Distribution costs Administrative expenses				29 30 31	_	170,646,501 7,874,688 27,611,738 206,132,927	167,194,260 3,682,017 20,346,997 191,223,274
8.1.4	Disposal of property, plant	and equipm	nent					
0	Details of disposal of operating							
	, , ,	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value	Sales proceed	Gain on sales	Mode of disposal	Particular of buyers
					· (F	Rupees) -		
	Items having book value exceeding Rs. Five hundred thousand				,	. ,		
	Motor Vehicle							
	Corolla Grande	3,585,000	1,852,250	1,732,750	2,449,226	716,476	As per Company's Car Policy	Farhan Abdul Khaliq
	Suzuki Cultus VXR	1,780,000	1,275,667	504,333	966,425	462,092	As per Company's Car Policy	Aneel Ejaz
	Toyota Yaris	2,595,000	1,470,500	1,124,500	1,667,981	543,481	As per Company's Car Policy	Tassawar Hussain
					Note		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
8.2	Capital work-in-progress						(Rupe	es)
	Plant and machinery				8.2.1	_		15,563,580
8.2.1	Movement in capital work-in	-progress i	s as follow	rs:				
	Balance at beginning of the ye Capital expenditure incurred / Transfer to operating fixed ass Balance at end of the year	advances m	ade during	the year	8.1	_	15,563,580 61,435,147 (76,998,727)	60,732,303 40,201,377 (85,370,100) 15,563,580



8.3 Right-of-use assets

	Note	30 June 2025		30 June	e 2024
		City office	Total	City office	Total
			· (Rup	ees)	
Cost					
Balance at beginning of the year		45,708,641	45,708,641	18,136,808	18,136,808
Additions		_	_	56,429,301	56,429,301
Disposal		_	_	(28,857,468)	(28,857,468)
Transfer to operating fixed assets					
Balance at end of the year		45,708,641	45,708,641	45,708,641	45,708,641
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance at beginning of the year		932,829	932,829	8,902,669	8,902,669
Charge for the year	8.3.2	11,193,948	11,193,948	6,899,241	6,899,241
Disposal		_	_	(14,869,081)	(14,869,081)
Transfer to operating fixed assets					
Balance at end of the year		12,126,777	12,126,777	932,829	932,829
Net book value		33,581,864	33,581,864	44,775,812	44,775,812

8.3.1 The rate of depreciation on right of use assets is 25%.

8.3.2 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rupe	es)
	Distribution costs	30	_	2,339,052
P	Administrative expenses	31	11,193,948	4,560,189
			11,193,948	6,899,241
9 I	NTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Operating software	9.1	_	14,906,270
			_	14,906,270

9.1 Operating software

		COST			ACCUMU	LATED AMOR	TISATION	NET BOOK VALUE
	As at 01 July	Additions / transfers from capital work-in -progress	As at 30 June	Amortization rate	As at 01 July	Charge for the year	As at 30 June	As at 30 June
		(Rupees)				(Rup	ees)	
2025	50,081,311		50,081,311	33%	35,175,041	14,906,270	50,081,311	
2024	50,081,311		50,081,311	33%	20,268,770	14,906,271	35,175,041	14,906,270



		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
		(Rupe	es)
10	LONG-TERM LOANS - considered good, secured		
	Loan to employees	34,443,196	14,455,304
	Current maturity of long-term loan	(7,957,946)	(3,671,870)
		26,485,250	10,783,434
	Executives	26,233,709	10,605,375
	Employees	251,541	178,059
		26,485,250	10,783,434

10.1 These represent loans for purchase of property, motor vehicle and for miscellaneous purposes granted to employees including key managerial persons as per the Company's policy. The loans are repayable over a period of 12 to 60 months and are interest free.

11 LONG-TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS-considered good, unsecured

		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rupe	es)
	Deposits			
	Lasbella Industrial Estate Development Authority		4,915,870	4,915,870
	Water and Power Development Authority		823,200	823,200
			5,739,070	5,739,070
	Prepayments			
	Others		4,660,680	4,652,680
	Prepayments		5,975,609	
			16,375,359	10,391,750
12	DEFERRED TAXATION - net			
	Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences			
	- allowance for expected credit loss		73,984,470	102,500,709
	- others		3,592,574	3,592,574
	- lease liability and right-of-use assets		1,192,707	_
	Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences			
	- accelerated tax depreciation and amortisation		(1,682,654)	(13,698,102)
	- lease liability and right-of-use assets			(811,108)
			77,087,097	91,584,073
13	STORES AND SPARES			
	Stores		28,173,879	39,460,264
	Spares		66,003,648	40,276,943
			94,177,527	79,737,207
	Less: Provision for obsolescence	13.1	(10,325,610)	(6,331,213)
			83,851,917	73,405,994



		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rup	ees)
13.1	Movement- Provision for obsolescence			
	Opening Balance		6,331,213	4,070,040
	Charge / (reversal) for the year-net		3,994,397	2,261,173
	Closing Balance		10,325,610	6,331,213
14	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Raw material:			
	In hand		928,266,634	1,137,149,368
	In transit		583,663,949	450,504,236
			1,511,930,583	1,587,653,604
	Packing material		39,791,227	49,085,857
	Finished goods		281,117,021	185,240,241
	Less: Provision for obsolescence	14.1	(12,335,111)	(4,270,428)
			1,820,503,720	1,817,709,274
14.1	Movement- Provision for obsolescence			
	Opening Balance		4,270,428	4,331,638
	Charge / (reversal) for the year		8,064,683	(61,210)
	Closing Balance		12,335,111	4,270,428
15	TRADE DEBTS - UNSECURED			
	Considered good		1,591,255,632	1,534,553,571
	Considered doubtful		189,703,768	262,822,332
			1,780,959,400	1,797,375,903
	Allowance for expected credit loss	15.1	(189,703,768)	(262,822,332)
			1,591,255,632	1,534,553,571
15.1	Movement of allowance for expected credit loss:			
	Balance at beginning of the year		262,822,332	70,528,486
	(Reversal) / allowance during the year		(73,118,564)	192,293,846
	Balance at end of the year		189,703,768	262,822,332
16	LOANS AND ADVANCES - considered good			
	Loans - secured			
	Executives	10.1	5,373,084	5,397,772
	Employees	10.1	2,477,077	1,952,780
	Current maturity of long-term loan	10	7,957,946	3,671,870
	, G		15,808,107	11,022,422
	Advances - unsecured		•	
	Suppliers and contractors	16.1	98,197,844	42,226,512
			114,005,951	53,248,934

16.1 Includes advance against CAPEX of R. 75 million for wind power project.



		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Ru _l	oees)
17	TRADE DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER R	ECEIVABLES		
	Deposits - considered good, unsecured		696,526	3,564,934
	Prepayments		3,492,030	2,531,749
	Other receivables			
	Insurance claim		804,934	1,105,034
	Receivable against disposal of Property, plant and e	quipment	_	2,720,000
	Accrued income		2,544,884	-
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund	17.1	3,982,293	9,269,876
			7,332,111	13,094,910
			11,520,667	19,191,593
17.1	Movement of Workers' Profit Participation Fund (W	PPF):		
	Balance at beginning of the year		9,269,876	3,378,238
	Charge for the year	34	(69,992,707)	(95,730,124)
	Payments made during the year - net		64,705,124	101,621,762
	Balance at end of the year		3,982,293	9,269,876
18	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Fair value through profit or loss			
	Mutual fund	18.1 & 18.2	291,122,981	40,030,754
	Amortised Cost		- , ,	-,,
	Term deposit receipts	18.3	334,783,110	624,296,603
			625,906,091	664,327,357
18.1	Mutual Fund units			
	(Redemeed) / Purchased Reinvested		Carrying value As at	Unrealised Fair value gain as at

As at June 30, 2024	Purchased during the year	(Redemeed) / Reinvested during the year	As at June 30, 2025	Description	Nature of Mutual fund	Carrying value As at June 30, 2025	Fair value As at June 30, 2025	Unrealised gain as at June 30, 2025
	Numbe	r of units				(Rupees)		
1,956,338	_	215,856	2,172,194	ABL Cash Fund	Money Market Fund	22,240,874	22,272,375	31,501
-	6,503,461	927,973	7,431,434	ABL Govt Securities Fund-B	Money Market Fund	75,489,246	75,557,067	67,821
_	6,671,495	693,033	7,364,528	NIT Govt Bond Fund	Money Market Fund	73,611,947	74,169,700	557,753
2,053,810	-	151,859	2,205,669	NIT Money Market Fund	Money Market Fund	21,477,818	21,526,889	49,071
-	850,724	114,313	965,037	UBL Money Market Fund	Money Market Fund	97,400,179	97,596,950	196,771
_	196,395	(196,395)	-	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	Money Market Fund	-	_	_
	621,945	(621,945)		UBL Govt Secuirties Fund	Money Market Fund			
4,010,148	14,844,020	1,284,694	20,138,862			290,220,064	291,122,981	902,917

 $[\]textbf{18.2} \quad \text{The annualized return on these mutual fund is } 13.37\% \text{ to } 17.87\% \text{ (2024: } 19.79\% \text{ to } 20.56\%).$

18.3 Represents three months term deposit receipts, marked as lien, with commercial bank under conventional banking relationship carrying profit rates ranging from 5.75% to 11.60% (2024: 18.25% to 20.50%) per annum and having maturity latest by September 24, 2025.

		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rupe	es)
19	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash at banks			
	Current accounts	19.1	577,072,926	329,279,846
	Savings accounts	19.2	379,392,974	11,319,709
			956,465,900	340,599,555



- 19.1 Includes an amount of Rs. 0.20 million (2024: Rs. 0.54 million) placed with an Islamic bank.
- 19.2 Includes an amount of Rs. 80.89 million (2024: 51.12 million) placed with an Islamic bank carrying profit at the rates ranging from 6.12% to 14.26% (2024: 10% to 11%). Profit rate under conventional banking relationship is ranging from 10.50% to 19.00% (2024: 19.50% to 20.50%) per annum.

19.3	CASH	AND	CASH	EQUIVA	LENTS

CASITAND CASIT EQUIVALENTS	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	(Rupe	ees)
Cash and bank balances	956,465,900	340,599,555
Short-term running finance	_	(38,103,419)
	956,465,900	302,496,136

20 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

Number of shares

30 June 2025	30 June 2024			
		Ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each		
8,316,000	8,316,000	Fully paid in cash	41,580,000	41,580,000
10,556,413	10,556,413	Issued as bonus shares	52,782,065	52,782,065
18,872,413	18,872,413		94,362,065	94,362,065

- **20.1** AICA Asia Pacific Holding Pte. Limited (a related party), incorporated in Singapore having its registered office at 85, Science Park Drive # 03-01, The Cavendish Science Park 1, Singapore-118259 held 4,716,216 (2024: 4,716,216) ordinary shares representing 24.99% (2024: 24.99%) shareholding as of the reporting date.
- 20.2 Voting rights, board selection, right of first refusal, block voting and other shareholders' rights are in proportion to the shareholding.

21 LONG-TERM FINANCING - secured

	Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
		(Rupe	es)
Temporary Economic Refinance			
Facility (TERF)	21.1	13,613,723	39,663,323
		13,613,723	39,663,323
Current maturity of long-term financing		(13,613,723)	(27,714,317)
		_	11,949,006

21.1 Represents facility obtained from a conventional bank for import of plant and machinery under State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) scheme of TERF amounting to Rs. 150 million (2024: Rs. 150 million). The facility carries mark-up at the rate of 1% base plus 0.75% spread (2024: 1% base plus 0.75% spread) per annum. The SBP allowed rate as per the scheme is up to 5% per annum. However, the effective interest rate is calculated as 7.64% per annum and the loan has been recognised at the present value.

The loan is repayable in sixteen equal quarterly installments commencing from February 2022 discounted at the effective rate of interest. The differential mark-up has been recognised as deferred income (as mentioned in note 21) which will be recognized as income on systematic basis. The benefit has been measured as the difference between the fair value of the loan and the proceeds received. The financing is secured against first charge, hypothecation charge and equitable mortgage over the Company's operating fixed assets.



21.1.1 Movement of TERF:

		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rupe	es)
	Balance at beginning of the year		39,663,323	64,276,922
	Accretion of interest during the year		2,159,700	4,103,901
	Repayment made during the year		(28,131,566)	(28,517,503)
	Balance at end of the year		13,691,457	39,863,320
	Less: Accrued mark-up		(77,734)	(199,997)
			13,613,723	39,663,323
22	DEFERRED INCOME			
	Balance at beginning of the year		1,908,038	5,008,439
	Amortization of deferred income	32	(1,664,400)	(3,100,401)
	Balance at end of the year	22.1	243,638	1,908,038
	Current portion of deferred income		(243,638)	(1,664,417)
				243,621

22.1 As aforementioned in note 21.1, the purpose of the deferred income is to facilitate the Company to borrow funds for new or BMR of the existing project at below-market interest rate. This represents deferred income recognised in respect of the benefit of below-market interest rate on long-term financing. The benefit has been measured as the difference between the fair value of the loan and the proceeds received. The Company has used the prevailing market rate of mark-up for similar instruments to calculate fair values of respective loan.

23 LEASE LIABILITIES

	Note	30 June 2025 (Rupe	30 June 2024 ees)
Lease liabilities		36,640,089	42,696,049
Current maturity of lease liability		(16,471,623)	(15,322,440)
	23.1	20,168,466	27,373,609

23.1 Movement of lease liabilities:

30 June 2025		30 June 2024	
City office	Total	City office	Total
	(Rup	ees)	
42,696,049	42,696,049	10,867,407	10,867,407
_	_	56,429,301	56,429,301
9,266,480	9,266,480	3,358,633	3,358,633
_	_	(16,888,413)	(16,888,413)
(15,322,440)	(15,322,440)	(11,070,879)	(11,070,879)
36,640,089	36,640,089	42,696,049	42,696,049
(16,471,623)	(16,471,623)	(15,322,440)	(15,322,440)
20,168,466	20,168,466	27,373,609	27,373,609
	42,696,049 - 9,266,480 - (15,322,440) 36,640,089 (16,471,623)	City office Total	City office Total City office 42,696,049 42,696,049 10,867,407 - - 56,429,301 9,266,480 9,266,480 3,358,633 - - (16,888,413) (15,322,440) (15,322,440) (11,070,879) 36,640,089 36,640,089 42,696,049 (16,471,623) (15,322,440) (15,322,440)



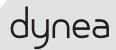
23.2 The maturity analysis of lease liabilities as at the reporting date is as follows:

		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rup	ees)
	Not later than one year		16,471,623	15,322,440
	Later than one year and not later than five years		20,168,466	27,373,609
	Total lease liabilities		36,640,089	42,696,049
24	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Creditors		11,473,901	22,443,255
	Bills payable		325,013,393	238,758,321
	Accrued liabilities	24.1 & 24.2	872,966,190	621,960,842
	Contract liabilities	24.3	52,446,824	18,772,042
	Workers' Welfare Fund		28,809,820	42,995,669
	Vend and permit fee payable	24.4	4,552,438	4,552,438
	Tax deducted at source		5,357,797	20,880,699
	Provident Fund		810,410	2,976,681
	Sales tax payable - net		11,041,054	74,824,359
			1,312,471,827	1,048,164,306

- 24.1 Includes accrual for leave encashment of Rs. 6.5 million (2024: Rs. 8.96 million) and bonus to employees of Rs. 106.91 million (2024: Rs. 6.48 million).
- **24.2** Includes an amount of Rs. 422.63 million (2024: Rs. 318.78 million) in respect of Sindh Infrastructure Development Cess, for which guarantees have been provided with commercial banks.
- **24.3** These contract liabilities are unsecured and received under normal course of business. Revenue recognized during the year from amounts included in contract liabilities at beginning of the year amounts to Rs. 18.77 million (2024: Rs. 26.97 million).
- 24.4 Represents amount charged to certain customers in respect of vend and permit fee. Depending on the outcome of the law suit mentioned in note 27.1 to these financial statements, the amount would either be paid to the Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh or refunded to the customers. The Company discontinued this practice of charging the fee from July 2002 in accordance with the industrial norms.

		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
25	SHORT-TERM RUNNING FINANCE		(Rup	ees)
	From banking companies - secured HBL running finance	25.1		38,103,419

25.1 Represents running finance facilities obtained from various conventional banks amounting to Rs. 2,150 million (2024: Rs. 1,850 million). These facilities are secured by joint / first pari passu hypothecation of stores and spares, stock-in-trade and trade debts of the Company. The rate of mark-up on these facilities ranges from one month KIBOR to three months' KIBOR as bench mark rate plus 0.50% to 1% as spread (2024: one month KIBOR to three months' KIBOR as bench mark rate plus 0.50% to 1% as spread) per annum and mark-up is payable quarterly.



		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
		(Rupe	es)
26	TAXATION - NET		
	Provision for taxation	546,189,205	791,036,842
	Prior year super tax	128,138,235	128,138,235
	Advance income tax	(553,915,536)	(783,696,482)
	Income tax refundable	(58,873,658)	(58,873,658)
		61,538,246	76,604,937

27 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

27.1 Contingencies

The Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh (the Department) imposed, vend and permit fee on methanol, a major raw material used by the Company in the production of formaldehyde. The Company filed a petition against the imposition of these levies in the High Court of Sindh (the High Court) in August 1996. In June 2001, the High Court decided the case in the favour of the Company. However, the Department filed an appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan (the Supreme Court) against the above judgement. The Supreme Court suspended the decision of the High Court and reverted the case back to the High Court for fresh hearing. In March 2003, the High Court once again decided the case in favour of the Company. The Department once again filed an appeal before the Supreme Court.

In December 2019, the Supreme Court disposed off the appeal on the basis that the Department would not press the instant and connected appeals, and that a fresh demand shall be raised following the notification dated February 14, 2002 and Sindh (Amendment) Abkari Ordinance 2002 notified on October 30, 2002. In addition to that the Department would surrender the demand secured by Indemnity Bonds for the period from 1990 up to 2002.

As of the reporting date, no fresh demand has yet been received from the Department against estimated Vend and Permit fee amounting to Rs. 2,005.93 million (2024: Rs. 1,865.90 million) determined on the basis of consumption of methanol by the Company since, November 2002.

The consignment is being released by paying Rs. 3/= cash per bulk gallon which is being expensed out and indemnity bond of Rs. 14/= per bulk gallon under protest.

Upon the receipt of the fresh demand from the Department, the Company intends to approach the relevant Court of Justice to defend the case. The Company expects, based on the view of the legal advisor and the merit of the case, that the Company has strong grounds to challenge such a demand and is likely to succeed. Accordingly, no provision for any liability has been made in these financial statements.

20 June

20 June

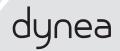
27.2 Commitments

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	(Rup	ees)
27.2.1 Outstanding letter of credits	1,091,716,374	1,073,653,823
27.2.2 Outstanding bank guarantees in favour of:	44.470.400	4.4.470.400
Sui Southern Gas Company Limited Peshawar Electric Supply Company Limited	14,478,460 1,445,000	14,478,460 1,445,000
Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited	18,700,000	18,700,000
Excise and Taxation Department	2,679,427	2,679,427
	37,302,887	37,302,887



		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024 ees)
28	TURNOVER - net		(Kup	ccs)
	Local sales			
	Gross sales		14,215,287,286	14,559,845,643
	Sales tax		(2,441,341,423)	(2,466,125,063)
				1 '
	Sales return		(4,123,939)	(3,733,066)
			(2,445,465,362)	(2,469,858,129)
			11,769,821,924	12,089,987,514
	Export sales	28.1	964,463,240	669,908,110
20.4	Pagian wise expert calco are so under		12,734,285,164	12,759,895,624
28.1	Region wise export sales are as under:		057 496 524	660 009 110
	Afghanistan Kenya		957,486,534	669,908,110
	Reliya		6,976,705	
			964,463,240	669,908,110
29	COST OF SALES			
	Raw and packing material consumed			
	Balance at beginning of the year		1,634,120,974	862,721,463
	Purchases		8,747,561,809	8,822,422,905
			10,381,682,783	9,685,144,368
	Balance at end of the year	14	(1,549,337,235)	(1,634,120,974)
			8,832,345,548	8,051,023,394
	Manufacturing expenses			
	Indirect material consumed		5,870,299	1,606,771
	Stores and spares consumed		125,447,760	143,814,838
	Fuel and power		526,124,733	687,833,881
	Salaries, wages and other benefits		721,237,293	631,302,832
	Rates and taxes		396,000	1,499,750
	Insurance		5,884,069	5,303,538
	Repairs and maintenance		43,744,311	45,075,855
	Security charges		23,426,553	19,050,858
	Vehicles running and maintenance		33,713,733	28,183,756
	Postage, telephone and telex		4,737,524 38,129,409	3,987,318
	Storage and handling charges Travelling and conveyance		6,061,744	36,968,495 7,446,399
	Printing and stationery		5,108,977	3,112,257
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets	8.1.3	170,646,501	167,194,260
	Internet charges		3,094,016	2,137,614
	Water and conservancy cost		2,965,835	3,292,219
	Gas expense		3,649,948	3,640,954
	Others		17,376,304	9,023,474
			1,737,615,009	1,800,475,069
	Cost of goods manufactured		10,569,960,557	9,851,498,463
	Finished goods			
	Balance at beginning of the year		183,588,300	230,594,866
	Balance at end of the year	14	(271,166,484)	(183,588,300)
			(87,578,184)	47,006,566
			10,482,382,373	9,898,505,029

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30	DISTRIBUTION COSTS	Note	30 June 2025 (Rupe	30 June 2024 ees)
	Salaries and other benefits		71,595,565	46,034,820
	Cartage and freight		352,958,911	260,891,245
	Rent, rates and taxes	30.1	546,934	1,750,923
	Insurance		5,950,946	5,200,373
	Repairs and maintenance		1,290,877	6,837,231
	Vehicles running and maintenance		11,192,871	8,485,740
	Postage, telephone and telex		1,679,889	1,927,433
	Travelling and conveyance		7,438,928	6,904,000
	Printing and stationery		37,592	192,261
	Electricity		1,946,022	1,301,319
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets	8.1.3	7,874,688	3,682,017
	Depreciation on right-of-use assets	8.3.2	_	2,339,052
	Sales promotion		836,679	2,582,590
	Others		4,879,288	7,338,751
			468,229,190	355,467,755

30.1 Includes short-term lease expense amounting to Rs. 0.528 million (2024: Rs. 0.504 million).

31. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

ADMINISTRATIVE EXILENCES	Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
		(Rupe	ees)
Salaries and other benefits		226,150,685	187,136,038
Insurance		1,959,810	1,230,235
Repairs and maintenance		32,265,948	32,108,306
Vehicles running and maintenance		18,173,056	16,882,379
Postage, telephone and telex		3,802,845	1,845,826
Travelling and conveyance		12,001,245	15,357,126
Printing and stationery		2,195,378	2,310,300
Utilities		1,911,612	866,136
Depreciation on operating fixed assets	8.1.3	27,611,738	20,346,997
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	8.3.2	11,193,948	4,560,189
Amortisation		14,906,270	14,906,270
Legal and professional charges		9,821,456	17,219,754
Advertisement and publicity		494,637	425,825
Donations	31.1 & 31.2	14,231,184	19,044,610
Auditor's remuneration	31.3	3,407,600	3,458,000
Others		17,047,076	11,660,452
		397,174,488	349,358,443

31.1 Donation to following parties exceeds 10% of the Company's total donations or Rs. 1 million, whichever is higher:

30 June 2025	30 June 2024
(Rupe	es)
2,400,000	_
3,000,000	3,000,000
5,400,000	3,000,000
	2025 (Rupe 2,400,000 3,000,000

31.2 None of the directors of the Company or their spouses had any interest in any of the donees.



31.3 Auditor's remuneration

		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rupe	es)
	Statutory audit		2,052,000	1,710,000
	Half yearly review		240,000	210,000
	Review of Code of Corporate Governance		108,900	90,750
	Other certifications		408,300	912,368
	Out of pocket expense and sales tax		598,400	534,882
			3,407,600	3,458,000
32.	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Interest on savings accounts	32.1	42,761,319	44,738,666
	Income on mutual funds		33,148,200	30,750
	Interest on term deposits		46,158,471	83,814,853
			122,067,990	128,584,269
	Income from non-financial assets			
	Scrap sales		397,870	450,820
	Gain on disposals of operating fixed assets		7,715,350	11,830,873
	Amortisation of deferred income	22	1,664,400	3,100,401
			9,777,620	15,382,094
			131,845,610	143,966,363

^{32.1} Includes an amount of Rs. 1.56 million (2024: Rs. 3.34 million) earned from an Islamic bank.

33. FINANCE COSTS

		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rupe	es)
	Mark-up on long-term financing		2,159,700	4,103,901
	Mark-up on short-term running finance		4,998,966	8,676,476
	Accretion of interest on lease liabilities	23.1	9,266,480	3,358,633
			16,425,146	16,139,010
	Bank guarantees commission		5,218,793	2,252,559
	Bank charges		10,872,986	15,701,910
			32,516,925	34,093,479
34.	OTHER CHARGES/EXPENSES			
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund		69,992,707	95,730,124
	Workers' Welfare Fund		28,811,050	42,995,669
	Exchange loss - net		37,024,254	30,956,688
			135,828,011	169,682,481
35.	FINAL TAX			
	Final tax		1,643,290	6,699,081

^{35.1} This represents final tax paid under section 154 of Income Tax Ordinance (ITO, 2001), representing levy in terms of requirements of IFRIC 21/IAS 37.



			30 June	30 June
			2025	2024
			(Rup	ees)
36	INCOME TAX			
	Current		544,545,915	784,337,761
	Prior		(5,220,898)	(125,628)
	Deferred		14,496,976	(77,959,261)
	20.004		553,821,993	706,252,872
36.1	Reconciliation of current tax charge charged as per tax la account, is as follows:	ws for the year, wi	th current tax recognised	in the profit and loss
			30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rup	ees)
	Income tax under IAS 12		544,545,915	784,337,761
	Income tax levy under IFRIC 21/IAS 37		1,643,290	6,699,081
	Current tax liability as per Income Tax Ordinance		546,189,205	791,036,842
	The aggregate of levy and current income tax for the year Company for the year calculated under the relevant provision			nts tax liability of the
		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rup	ees)
37	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE			
	Profit for the year		867,653,068	1,191,509,001
			(No. of	shares)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding of	during the year	18,872,413	18,872,413
			(Rup	ees)
	Basic earnings per share	37.1	45.97	63.13
07.4	The section of the se		late Labora	

37.1 There is no dilutive effect on basic earning per share of the Company as calculated above.



38 OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment results that are reported to the Company's CEO (the chief operating decision maker) include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items, if any, mainly comprises of corporate assets, head office expenses and tax assets and liabilities. The Company is organized into business units based on their products and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

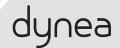
- The resin division produces urea / melamine formaldehyde and formaldehyde; and
- The moulding compound division produces urea / melamine formaldehyde moulding compound and melamine glazing powder.

	30 June 2025		30 June 2024			
	Resin division	Moulding compound division	Total	Resin division	Moulding compound division	Total
			(Rup	oees)		
Turnover - net	3,810,172,569	8,924,112,595	12,734,285,164	4,290,021,948	8,469,873,676	12,759,895,624
Segment result	376,554,326	1,595,508,118	1,972,062,444	775,429,707	1,632,775,797	2,408,205,504
Unallocated expenses:						
Administrative expenses Distribution costs Other income Finance costs Other charges Final tax Taxation Net profit for the year			(397,174,488) (115,270,279) 131,845,610 (32,516,925) (135,828,011) (1,643,290) (553,821,993) 867,653,068			(349,358,443) (94,576,510) 143,966,363 (34,093,479) (169,682,481) (6,699,081) (706,252,872) 1,191,509,001
Segment assets Unallocated assets Total assets	2,155,901,560	2,101,308,879	4,257,210,439 2,057,346,702 6,314,557,141	1,831,247,761	2,268,134,166	4,099,381,927 1,453,654,122 5,553,036,049
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	535,231,857	617,199,437	1,152,431,294 283,593,834 1,436,025,128	419,515,451	527,010,933	946,526,384 312,544,438 1,259,070,822
Capital expenditure Unallocated capital expenditure Total capital expenditure	92,403,186	196,948,351	289,351,537 36,893,908 326,245,445	81,672,885	42,312,687	123,985,572 76,501,057 200,486,629
Depreciation Unallocated depreciation Total depreciation	5,829,175	7,960,085	13,789,260 5,473,537 19,262,797	58,727,161	108,467,102	167,194,263 45,834,522 213,028,785

- **38.1** Administrative expenses, distribution costs (excluding cartage and freight), other income, finance costs, other charges and taxation is managed on Company basis and are not allocated to operating segments.
- **38.2** There were no sales amongst operating segments of the Company.

38.3 Segment assets and liabilities

Segment assets include all operating assets by a segment and principally consist of property, plant and equipment, stock-in-trade and trade debts. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and principally consist of trade and other payables.



38.3.1 Reconciliation of segment assets and liabilities to total assets and liabilities

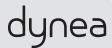
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	(Rup	ees)
Segment assets		
Allocated segment assets	4,257,210,439	4,099,381,927
Long-term deposits & Prepayments	16,375,359	10,391,750
Deferred taxation - net	77,087,097	91,584,073
Cash and bank balances	956,465,900	340,599,555
Other unallocated assets	1,007,418,346	1,011,078,744
	6,314,557,141	5,553,036,049
Segment liabilities		
Allocated segment liabilities	1,152,431,294	946,526,384
Trade and other payables	210,537,983	224,008,751
Accrued mark-up	201,042	1,601,969
Taxation - net	61,538,246	76,604,937
Unclaimed and unpaid dividend	11,316,563	10,328,781
	1,436,025,128	1,259,070,822

38.3.2 All non-current assets of the Company at the end of the current and preceding year were located in Pakistan.

39 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

		Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
			(Rup	ees)
39.1	Financial instruments by category			·
	Financial assets - at amortised cost			
	Long-term loans	10	26,485,250	10,783,434
	Long-term deposits	11	16,375,359	10,391,750
	Trade debts	15	1,591,255,632	1,534,553,571
	Loans	16	15,808,107	11,022,422
	Trade deposits and other receivables	17	1,501,460	4,669,968
	Accrued mark-up		19,728,883	40,791,252
	Short term investment	18	334,783,110	624,296,603
	Cash and bank balances	19	956,465,900	340,599,555
			2,962,403,701	2,577,108,555
	Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss			
	Short term investment	18	291,122,981	40,030,754
	Financial liabilities - at amortised cost			
	Long-term financing	21	13,613,723	39,663,323
	Lease liabilities	23	36,640,089	42,696,049
	Trade and other payables	24	786,821,473	564,379,969
	Accrued mark-up		201,042	1,601,969
	Unclaimed and unpaid dividend		11,316,563	10,328,781
			848,592,890	658,670,091

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks i.e. market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on minimizing potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance. The overall risk management of the Company is carried out by the Company's senior management team under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Such policies entail identifying, evaluating and addressing financial risks of the Company. The Company's overall risk management procedures to minimize the potential adverse affects of financial market on the Company's performance are as follows:



39.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of change in market interest rate relates primarily to the saving accounts and long term financing. The Company manages its net working capital by keeping it at an optimum level to ensure minimal utilisation of running finance facilities.

Interest rate profile of financial instruments

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments were as follows:

	Note	2025 (Rupe	2024 ees)
Financial assets at amortised cost		` .	•
Bank balances	19	956,465,900	340,599,555
Financial assets at profit or loss			
Short term investment	18	334,783,110	624,296,603
Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
Long-term financing	21	13,613,723	39,663,323

Sensitivity analysis

A change of 100 basis points (1%) in interest rate at the reporting date would have changed the Company's profit before tax for the year by the amounts shown below, with all other variables held constant.

	Note	2025	2024
Change in interest rate	+	1%	1%
Effect on profit before tax	±	(12,776,353)	(9,252,328)

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of financial assets or a financial liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2025 FCY	2024
USD		
Cash and bank balances	319,038	72,241
Trade and other payables	795,526	865,223

The exchange rate taken for Statement of financial position is the rate applicable for LC's as at June 30,2025. The following significant exchange rate was applied during the year:

	nent of position	Aver	age rate
2025	2024	2025	2024
283.76	275.95	279.34	284.33

A ten percent strengthening / weakening of the Pakistani Rupee against the above foreign currencies at the reporting date would increase / decrease profit before tax for the year by Rs. 22.574 million (2024: Rs. 22.068 million). This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for the previous year.

(iii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. As of the reporting date, the Company is not exposed to any equity price risk.



39.3 Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss without taking into account the fair value of any collateral.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicates the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Company is exposed to credit risk mainly on loans, deposits, trade debts, other receivables, accrued mark-up and bank balances. To reduce the exposure to credit risk on trade debts, the Company has developed a formal approval process, whereby credit limits are applied to its customers. The management continuously monitors the credit exposure towards the customers and makes provision against those balances considered doubtful of recovery. The credit risk on liquid funds such as balances with banks is limited as banks are of reasonably high credit ratings.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	
		(Rupees)		
Long-term loans	10	26,485,250	10,783,434	
Long-term deposits	11	16,375,359	10,391,750	
Trade debts	15	1,591,255,632	1,534,553,571	
Loans	16	15,808,107	11,022,422	
Trade deposits and other receivables	17	1,501,460	4,669,968	
Accrued mark-up		19,728,883	40,791,252	
Short term investments	18	625,906,091	664,327,357	
Bank balances	19	956,465,900	340,599,555	
		3,253,526,682	2,617,139,309	

The credit quality of financial assets other than bank balances can be assessed with reference to their historical performance with no or some defaults in recent history.

The impaired trade debts and the basis of impairment are disclosed in notes 7.15 and 15.1 respectively.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Company's trade debts from its customers.

	30 June 2025						
				in Rupees			
	Not yet due		D	ays Past Due	9		
	Current	0-30	30-60	60-90	90-120	>120	Total
Expected credit loss rate	1.15%	16.70%	36.24%	62.16%	100.00%	100.00%	
Estimated total gross carrying amount at default	1,495,124,207	80,941,909	52,222,989	33,397,369	17,569,272	101,703,654	1,780,959,400
Expected credit loss	(17,228,068)	(13,516,995)	(18,926,319)	(20,759,460)	(17,569,272)	(101,703,654)	(189,703,768)
Amount past due but not impaired	1,477,896,139	67,424,914	33,296,670	12,637,909			1,591,255,632
			;	30 June 2024			
				in Rupees			
	Not yet due		D	ays Past Due	9		
	Current	0-30	30-60	60-90	90-120	>120	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.41%	21.17%	38.16%	64.09%	98.57%	100.00%	
Estimated total gross carrying amount at default	1,319,921,504	127,993,517	121,646,906	119,500,873	66,211,658	42,101,445	1,797,375,903
Expected credit loss	(5,350,249)	(27,092,287)	(46,422,263)	(76,590,922)	(65,265,166)	(42,101,445)	(262,822,332)
Amount past due but not impaired	1,314,571,255	100,901,230	75,224,643	42,909,951	946,492		1,534,553,571



The credit quality of the Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
		(Rup	ees)
Bank balances			
Rating	Rating Agency		
AAA		191,324,714	102,890,613
AA+	PACRA & VIS	764,939,966	225,621,978
AA		201,220	544,439
A+		_	11,542,525
		956,465,900	340,599,555

39.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments.

Management forecasts the liquidity of the Company on the basis of expected cashflow considering the level of liquid assets necessary to mitigate the liquidity risk. The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at the following statement of financial position dates:

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months (Rupees)	1 to 5 years	Total
June 30, 2025					
Interest bearing financial liabili	ties				
Long-term financing	-	6,806,862	6,806,862	_	13,613,723
Lease liabilities	-	-	16,471,623	20,168,466	36,640,089
Accrued mark-up	-	201,042	-	-	201,042
Non-interest bearing financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	_	1,267,263,156	_	_	1,267,263,156
Unpaid dividend	_	_	_	_	_
Unclaimed dividend	11,316,563				11,316,563
	11,316,563	1,274,271,059	23,278,485	20,168,466	1,329,034,573
	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Total
Lucy 00 0004			(Rupees)		
June 30, 2024			,		
Interest bearing financial liabili	ties				
Long-term financing	_	6,928,749	20,785,568	11,949,006	39,663,323
Lease liabilities	_	-	15,322,440	27,373,609	42,696,049
Accrued mark-up	_	1,601,969	_	_	1,601,969
Non-interest bearing financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	_	909,463,579	_	_	909,463,579
Unpaid dividend	_	_	_	_	_
Unclaimed dividend	10,328,781	_	_	_	10,328,781
	10,328,781	917,994,297	36,108,008	39,322,615	1,003,753,701



40 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The carrying values of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Fair value hierarchy

The different levels to analyse financial assets carried at fair value have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted market price
- Level 2: Valuation techniques (market observable); and
- Level 3: Valuation techniques (non-market observables)

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy:

	June 30, 2025					
	Carrying	gamount		Fair Value		
	Amortised cost	Fair value thorugh profit or loss	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
			(Rupees)			
Financial assets						
Long term loans	26,485,250	_	_	-	_	
Long term deposits	16,375,359	_	_	-	_	
Trade debts	1,591,255,632	_	_	_	_	
Loans and advances	114,005,951	_	_	_	_	
Trade deposits, prepayments and						
other receivables	11,520,667	_	_	_	_	
Accrued mark-up	19,728,883	_	_	_	_	
Short term investment	334,783,110	291,122,981	_	291,122,981	_	
Cash and bank balances	956,465,900	_	-	_	-	
Financial liabilities						
Long-term financing - secured	_	_	_	_	_	
Deferred income	_	_	_	_	_	
Lease liabilities	20,168,466	_	_	-	_	
Trade and other payables	987,458,434	325,013,393	325,013,393	-	_	
Accrued mark-up	201,042	_	_	_	_	
Short-term running finance	_	_	_	_	_	
Current maturity of long-term financing	13,613,723	_	_	_	_	
Current maturity of deferred income	243,638	_	_	_	_	
Current maturity of lease liabilities	16,471,623	_	-	_	-	
Taxation - net	61,538,246	-	_	_	-	



	June 30, 2024					
	Carrying	g amount	Fair Value			
	Amortised cost	Fair value thorugh profit or loss	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
			(Rupees)			
Financial assets						
Long term loans	10,783,434	_	_	_	_	
Long term deposits	10,391,750	_	_	_	_	
Trade debts	1,534,553,571	_	_	_	_	
Loans and advances	53,248,934	_	_	_	_	
Trade deposits, prepayments and						
other receivables	19,191,593	_	_	_	_	
Accrued mark-up	40,791,252	_	_	_	_	
Short term investment	624,296,603	40,030,754	_	40,030,754	_	
Cash and bank balances	340,599,555	_	_	_	_	
Financial liabilities						
Long-term financing - secured	11,949,006	_	_	_	_	
Deferred income	243,621	_	_	_	_	
Lease liabilities	27,373,609	_	_	_	_	
Trade and other payables	809,405,985	238,758,321	238,758,321	_	_	
Accrued mark-up	1,601,969	_	_	_	_	
Short-term running finance	38,103,419	_	_	_	_	
Current maturity of long-term financing	27,714,317	_	_	_	_	
Current maturity of deferred income	1,664,417	_	_	_	_	
Current maturity of lease liabilities	15,322,440	_	_	_	_	
Taxation - net	76,604,937	_	_	_	_	

41 CHANGES IN LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	30 June 2025				
	Long-term financing-secured (including deferred income)	Un-claimed and Unpaid dividend	Leases liabilities		
		· (Rupees)			
Balance at beginning of the year	41,571,361	10,328,781	42,696,049		
Changes from financing cash flows					
Payments made during the year	(28,131,566)	_	(15,322,440)		
Dividend paid	_	(282,098,500)	_		
	(28,131,566)	(282,098,500)	(15,322,440)		
Other changes					
Additions during the year	_	_	56,429,301		
Disposals during the year	_	_	(16,888,413)		
Finance costs	2,159,700	_	9,266,479		
Amortization of government grant	(1,664,400)	_	_		
Dividend declared	_	283,086,282	_		
	495,300	283,086,282	48,807,367		
Less: Accrued mark-up	(77,734)				
Balance at end of the year	13,857,361	11,316,563	76,180,976		

ANNUAL REPORT 2025



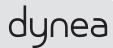
		30 June 2024	
	Long-term financing-secured (including deferred income)	Un-claimed and Unpaid dividend	Leases liabilities
		····· (Rupees)	
Balance at beginning of the year Changes from financing cash flows	69,285,361	47,796,212	10,867,407
Payments made during the year Dividend paid	(28,517,503)	- (367,734,965)	(11,070,879)
	(28,517,503)	(367,734,965)	(11,070,879)
Other changes			
Additions during the year	_	_	56,429,301
Disposals during the year	_	_	(16,888,413)
Finance costs	4,103,901	_	3,358,633
Amortization of government grant	(3,100,401)	_	_
Dividend declared	_	330,267,534	_
	1,003,500	330,267,534	42,899,521
Less: Accrued mark-up	(199,997)		
Balance at end of the year	41,571,361	10,328,781	42,696,049

42 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to remain as a going concern and continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. As of the statement of financial position date, the debt to equity ratio is as follows:

The gearing ratio as at June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Note	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	
		(Rupees)		
Long-term financing	21	13,613,723	39,663,323	
Accrued mark-up		77,734	199,997	
Total debt		13,691,457	39,863,320	
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	20	94,362,065	94,362,065	
Revenue reserves		4,784,169,948	4,199,603,162	
Equity		4,878,532,013	4,293,965,227	
Total debt plus equity		4,892,223,470	4,333,828,547	
Gearing ratio		0.28%	0.92%	



43 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Company comprise associated companies, staff retirement fund, directors and key management personnel. All the transactions with related parties are entered into at agreed terms in the normal course of business as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. Transactions with related parties are as follows:

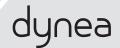
Name of related party	Relationship	% of shareholding in the Company	Nature of transaction	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
				(Rup	oees)
Provident Fund	Staff retirement fund	Nil	Contribution to fund	23,043,307	17,819,528
AICA Asia Pacific Holding Pte. Limited	Associate	24.99	Dividend paid	70,743,240	82,533,780
Name of related party	Relationship	% of shareholding in the Company	Balances	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
				(Rup	oees)
Provident Fund	Staff retirement fund	Nil	Contribution to fund	810,410	2,976,681

43.1 Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity directly or indirectly. The Company considers all members of their executive management team, including the Chief Executive Officer and Directors, to be key management personnel.

44 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration including certain benefits to the Chief Executive Officer, Directors and executives of the Company are as follows:

	30 June 2025			30 June 2024		
	Chief Exective Officer	Directors	Exectives	Chief Exective Officer	Directors	Exectives
			(Rup	ees)		
Managerial remuneration	30,398,704	_	110,005,101	24,146,826	_	73,785,177
Bonus	27,567,752	-	63,816,110	21,783,718	_	39,063,802
Retirement and other benefits	2,635,534	-	21,527,250	2,772,448	_	38,346,890
House rent	10,058,395	-	44,119,874	10,005,333	_	30,589,701
	70,660,385	_	239,468,335	58,708,325		181,785,570
Number of persons	1	6	34	1	6	29



- **44.1** In addition, the Chief Executive Officer and certain executives are provided with free use of Company's maintained cars as per terms of employment.
- 44.2 Directors' fee to non-executive directors for attending the board meetings amounted to Rs. 14.56 million (2024: Rs. 13.88 million).
- 44.3 No remuneration was paid to any of the directors other than the Chief Executive Officer.

45 CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

CALACITE AND ENODOCHON	30 Jui	ne 2025	30 June 2024	
	Rated Capacity	Actual Production	Rated Capacity	Actual Production
		(M. to	nnes)	
Resin division				
Urea/ Melamine formaldehyde	77,000	15,112	77,000	25,862
Formaldehyde	119,000	78,577	119,000	72,013
	196,000	93,689	196,000	97,875
Percentage utilized		48%		50%
Moulding compound division				
Urea/melamine formaldehyde moulding compound	39,000	33,469	39,000	31,475
Melamine Glazing Powder	2,000	1,136	2,000	936
	41,000	34,605	41,000	32,411
Percentage utilized		84%		79%

45.1 Capacity utilization is in line with market demand during the year.

46 NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on September 12, 2025 proposed final cash dividend of Rs.10.00 per share for the year ended June 30, 2025 amounting to Rs.188.72 million for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 20, 2025.

The directors have also approved appropriation of Rs.1 billion (2024: Rs. 500 million) to general reserve. These appropriations will be approved in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025 do not include the effect of these appropriations which will be accounted in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

47 PROVIDENT FUND

Investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act 2017 and the rules formulated for this purpose.



		30 June 2025	30 June 2024
48	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		
	Total number of employees as at the reporting date	224	230
	Average number of employees during the year	224	229

49 GENERAL

- 49.1 In these financial statements, figures have been rounded off to the nearest Pak rupee, unless otherwise stated.
- 49.2 Certain figures have been reclassified for better presentation, however there are no material reclassification to report.

50 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on September 12, 2025 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

MUSTAFA JAFAR
Chief Executive Officer

DONALD JENKIN Chairman SHAKEEL UDDIN
Chief Financial Officer

ANNUAL REPORT 2025

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING **AS AT JUNE 30, 2025**



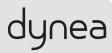
NO.	CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	NO. OF SHARES HELD	CATEGORY-WISE NO. OF FOLIOS/CDC ACCOUNTS	CATEGORY-WISE SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE (%)
1	INDIVIDUALS		1,589	4,941,170	26.18
2	INVESTMENT COMPANIES		2	2,280	0.01
3	JOINT STOCK COMPANIES		19	1,727,320	9.15
4	DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND THEIR SPOUSE AND MINOR CHILDREN		4	4,000	0.02
	Mustafa Jafar	1,000			
	Anam Fatima Khan	1,000			
	Mazhar Valjee	1,000			
5	Naila EXECUTIVES	1,000	_		
			_	_	
6	ASSOCIATED COMPANIES, UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES		1	4,716,216	24.99
	AICA Asia Pacific Holding Pte Ltd				
7	PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES AND CORPORATIONS		_	_	_
8	BANKS, DFI'S , NBFIS, INSURANCE COMPANIES, TAKAFUL, MODARABAS'S AND PENSION FUNDS		10	279,412	1.48
	Financial Institutions Insurance Companies Modaraba Pension Funds	78,647 - 616 200,149			
9	MUTUAL FUNDS	,	6	2,124,744	11.26
	CDC - Trustee Alfalah GHP Value Fund	7.900		2,121,711	11.20
	CDC - Trustee Meezan Islamic Fund	280,800			
	CDC - Trustee National Investment (Unit) Trust	1,614,810			
	CDC - Trustee Alfalah GHP Islamic Dedicated Equity Fund	1,950			
	DCCL - Trustee AKD Islamic Stock Fund	26,284			
	CDC - Trustee Golden Arrow Stock Fund	193.000			
40		193,000	40	4 004 000	00.00
10	FOREIGN INVESTORS		19	4,921,399	26.08
11	CO-OPERATIVE SOCITIES		1	1,000	0.01
12	CHARITABLE TRUST		1	99,137	0.53
13	OTHERS		2	55,735	0.30
	TOTAL		1,654	18,872,413	100.00

SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING FIVE PERCENT OR MORE VOTING INTEREST IN THE LISTED COMPANY

TOTAL PAID-UP CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY 5% OF THE PAID-UP CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY	18,872,413 943,621	SHARES SHARES		
NAME(S) OF SHARE-HOLDER(S)		DESCRIPTION	NO. OF SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE (%)
AICA ASIA PACIFIC HOLDING PTE LTD		FALL IN CAT.# 6	4,716,216	24.99%
CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST		FALL IN CAT.# 9	1,614,810	8.56%
AYLESBURY INTERNATIONAL LTD		FALL IN CAT.# 10	1,610,715	8.53%
ROBERT FINANCE CORPORATION AG		FALL IN CAT.# 10	1,105,169	5.86%
TOTAL			9,046,910	47.94%

Detail of trading in the shares by the Directors, Executive and their spouses and minor children:

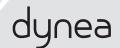
None of the Directors, Executives and their spouses and minor children has traded in the shares of the Company during the year.



PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2025

NO. OF	SIZE OF H			
SHAREHOLDERS	FROM	то	TOTAL SHARES HELD	
784	1	100	21,105	
365	101	500	104,249	
157	501	1000	124,025	
203	1001	5000	467,568	
50	5001	10000	382,488	
19	10001	15000	241,042	
10	15001	20000	186,282	
12	20001	25000	278,450	
5	25001	30000	138,892	
2	30001	35000	70,000	
1	35001	40000	37,500	
1	40001	45000	41,741	
4	45001	50000	198,871	
1	50001	55000	54,000	
1	55001	60000	58,643	
2	60001	65000	123,323	
1	65001	70000	67,855	
3	75001	80000	227,159	
2	80001	85000	163,317	
6	95001	100000	597,437	
1	120001	125000	123,000	
1	125001	130000	130,000	
1	135001	140000	135,311	
1	145001	150000	145,023	
1	155001	160000	159,300	
2	160001	165000	325,304	
1	190001	195000	193,000	
1	205001	210000	210,000	
1	210001	215000	215,000	
2	245001	250000	500,000	
1	280001	285000	280,800	
1	320001	325000	322,000	
4	385001	390000	1,547,832	
1	395001	400000	400,000	
1	795001	800000	800,000	
1	815001	820000	816,986	
1	1105001	1110000	1,105,169	
1	1545001	1550000	1,548,715	
1	1610001	1615000	1,614,810	
1	4715001	4720000	4,716,216	
1,654			18,872,413	





Notice is hereby given that the Forty-Third (43rd) Annual General Meeting of the Members of Dynea Pakistan Limited (the Company) will be held at the Auditorium of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, Chartered Accountants Avenue, Clifton, Karachi, and virtually through video-conference facility on Monday, October 20, 2025 at 12:30 pm to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025, together with the Chairman's Review Report, Reports of the Directors' and Auditors' thereon. As required under section 223(7) of Companies Act, 2017, the Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company have been uploaded on the website of the Company which can be downloaded through the QR code and web-link available in the Notes.
- 2. To approve, as recommended by the Board of Directors, the payment of final cash dividend at Rs.10.00 per share i.e., 200% for the year ended June 30, 2025. This is in addition to the interim dividend at Rs.5.00 per share i.e., 100%, already paid. The total dividend for the financial year 2024-25 will be Rs. 15.00 per share i.e., 300%.
- To appoint External Auditors and to fix their remuneration for the year 2025-26. The present auditors Messrs. BDO Ebrahim & Co, Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.
- 4. To transact any other ordinary business of the Company with the permission of the Chairman.

By Order of the Board

Karachi:

Dated: September 12, 2025

Mujtaba Hassan Ghanchi

Company Secretary

NOTES:

1. Circulation of Annual Report through QR Code and Weblink

In accordance with the Section 223 of the Companies Act, 2017 and pursuant to SRO 389(I)/2023 dated March 21, 2023 of the Securities Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the annual audited financial statements of the Company have been uploaded on website of the Company which can be accessed using the following QR Code and Weblink:

https://www.dynea.com.pk/wp-content/uploads/2025/09/JUNE-2025.pdf

2. Book Closure

The share transfer books of the Company will be closed from October 11, 2025 to October 20, 2025 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of the Annual General Meeting and payment of the final cash dividend. Transfer requests received in order by M/s. FAMCO Share Registration Services (Private) Limited, 8-F Next to Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block 6 P.E.C.H.S., Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Tel:0092-21-34380101-5, 34384621-3 (Ext-103) Fax: 0092-21-34380106, the Share Registrar of the Company by the close of business (5:00pm) on October 10, 2025 will be treated in time for the purpose of determining above entitlement to the transferees for payment of final dividend and to attend the Annual General Meeting.

3. A) Attending the Meeting

In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/ or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing original Computerized National Identity Card ("CNIC") or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.

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NOTICE OF 43RD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

ii) In case of a corporate entity, the Board of the Director's resolution/ power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of attending the meeting.

B) Appointment of Proxy

A member entitled to attend and vote at this Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a Proxy to attend, speak and vote in place of the member at the Meeting. Instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company or at the above-mentioned address of Company's Share Registrar at least forty-eight (48) hours before the time of the meeting, alongwith attested copy of CNIC of the shareholder appointed as Proxy. For the convenience of shareholders, proxy forms (both in English and Urdu) are enclosed with this notice and also available on the company's website www.dynea.com.pk.

In the case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee along with his / her CNIC shall be provided at least forty-eight (48) hours before the time of the meeting. The individual members or representatives of corporate members of the Company in CDC must bring original CNIC or Passport and CDC Account and Participant ID Numbers to prove identity and verification at the time of the meeting.

CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular No. 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and any updates thereon.

C) Virtual Participation in the AGM Proceedings

Shareholders interested in attending the AGM virtually through video conference facility, are hereby advised to get themselves registered with the Company by providing the following information through email at **dpl.corporate@dynea.com.pk** along with a valid copy of their CNIC.

Name of Shareholder	CNIC/NTN No.	Folio No./CDC Account No.	No. of Shares	Contact No.	Email Address

^{*} Where applicable, please also give the above particulars of the proxy-holder of the shareholder.

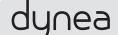
Online meeting link and login credentials will be shared with only those members/proxies whose emails, containing all the required particulars, are received at the given email address by 05:00 pm on Saturday, October 18, 2025. The login facility shall remain open from 12:15 pm till the end of the meeting. Shareholders can also provide their comments and questions for the agenda items of the AGM on dpl.corporate@dynea.com.pk by October 13, 2025.

D) Consent for Video Conference Facility

Pursuant to Section 134(1) (b) of the Companies Act, 2017, members may avail video conference facility for this AGM, provided the Company receives a request from the members residing in a city holding aggregate 10% or more shareholding at least 7 days prior to the date of the meeting.

A signed request as per following format may be sent at the registered office of the Company within prescribed timeline.

I / We,	of
being member(s) of Dynea Pakistan Limited hold	er of
Ordinary Share(s) as per Register Folio No	hereby opt for Video
Conference Facility at	
Signature of member(s)	



NOTICE OF 43RD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Company will intimate members regarding venue of video conferencing facility at least 5 days before the date of Annual General Meeting along with complete information necessary to enable them to access such facility.

4. A) Withholding Tax on Dividend

Currently, the deduction of withholding tax on the amount of dividend paid by the companies under section 150 read with division I of Part III of the First Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, are as under:

(i) For Persons appearing in Active Tax Payer List (ATL): 15%

(ii) For Persons not appearing in Active Tax Payer List (ATL): 30%

Shareholders who have filed their return are advised to make sure that their names are entered into latest Active Tax Payers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR at the time of dividend payment, otherwise they shall be treated as persons not appearing in ATL and tax on their cash dividend will be deducted at the rate of 30% instead of 15%.

B) Withholding tax on Dividend in Case of Joint Account Holders

In order to enable the Company to follow the directives of the regulators to determine shareholding ratio of the Joint Account Holder(s) (where shareholding has not been determined by the Principal shareholder) for deduction of withholding tax on dividend of the Company, shareholders are requested to please furnish the shareholding ratio details of themselves as Principal shareholder and their Joint Holders, to the Company's Share Registrar, enabling the Company to compute withholding tax of each shareholder accordingly. The required information must reach the Company's Share Registrar by October 10, 2025, otherwise each shareholder will be assumed to have equal proportion of shares and the tax will be deducted accordingly.

C) Payment of Cash Dividend Electronically (E-mandate)

In accordance with the provisions of section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 and Companies (Distribution of Dividend) Regulations, 2017, it is mandatory that dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholder. Notice in this regard has already been published earlier in newspapers as per Regulations. All shareholders are once again requested to provide details of their bank mandate specifying: (i) title of account, (ii) IBAN number (iii) bank name and (iv) branch name, code & address; to Company's Share Registrar. Shareholders who hold shares with Participants / Central Depository Company of Pakistan (CDC) are advised to provide the mandate to the concerned Broker / CDC. In absence of the complete bank details, including IBAN mentioned above the Company shall withhold the Dividend under the provision of Section 243 of the Companies Act, 2017. The "Electronic Dividend Mandate Form" in English and Urdu is available on the Company's website: (www.dynea.com.pk).

D) Unclaimed Dividends and Share Certificates

The Company has on various occasions discharged responsibility under Section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017, by approaching shareholders to claim their unclaimed dividends and undelivered share certificates in accordance with the law.

Any Shareholders whose dividends and share certificates are still unclaimed/undelivered, are hereby once again requested to approach the Company with all necessary details immediately, to claim their outstanding dividend amounts and/or undelivered share certificates. In case no claim is received, the Company shall proceed in accordance with the applicable law.

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NOTICE OF 43RD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

5. Distribution of Annual Report through Email (Optional)

Pursuant to the provisions of section 223(6) of the Companies Act, 2017, the company is permitted to circulate their annual financial statements, along with Auditor's Report, Directors' Report etc. ("Annual Report") and the notice of annual general meeting ("Notice"), to its shareholders by email. Shareholders of the Company who wish to receive the Company's Annual Report and Notice of Annual General Meeting by email are requested to provide the complete Electronic Communication Consent Form (available on the Company's website), to the Company's Share Registrar.

The audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025 have been made available on the Company's website (www.dynea.com.pk) in addition to annual and quarterly financial statements for prior years.

6. Conversion of Physical Shares into Book-Entry Form

As per Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 all listed companies are required to replace shares issued by them in physical form to book-entry form within four years of the promulgation of the Companies Act, 2017.

Pursuant to the SECP letter No. CSD/ED/Misc./2016-639-640 dated March 26, 2021 the Company is following up with all shareholders of Dynea Pakistan Limited having physical folios/share certificates with the request to convert their shares into book-entry form at the earliest. Maintaining shares in book-entry form will make the process of share handling more efficient and reduce risk, and will facilitate shareholders in the safe custody of shares. Shareholders may contact the Company's Share Registrar, M/s. FAMCO Share Registration Services (Private) Limited for the conversion of physical shares into book-entry form.

7. Submission of copies of CNIC not provided earlier

Individual Shareholders are once again reminded to submit a copy of their valid CNIC immediately, if not provided earlier to the Company's Share Registrar. In case of non-availability of a valid copy of Shareholders' CNIC in the records of the Company, the Company shall withhold the Dividend under the provisions of Section 243 of the Companies Act, 2017.

8. Change of Address

The Shareholders are requested to immediately notify the change in their mailing address, if any, to the Company's Share Registrar. In case of corporate entity, the shareholders are requested to promptly notify change in their particulars of their authorized representative, if applicable.

9. Prohibition on Distribution of Gifts

In accordance with the directives issued by the SECP vide SRO 452(I)/2025 dated March 17, 2025, the Company would like to inform all the shareholders that no gifts will be distributed at the Annual General Meeting.

10. Website

The Notice of Annual General Meeting has been placed on the Company's website www.dynea.com.pk in addition to its dispatch to the shareholders.

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اطلاع برائيهم وال سالانه اجلاس عام

2_ سیاین آئی سی کی نقول کا جمع کرانا اگر پہلے فراہم نہ کی گئی ہوں

انفرادی شیئر ہولڈرزکوایک بار پھریا دو ہانی کرائی جاتی ہے کہ اپنے کارآمدسی این آئی سی کی ایک کا پی فوراً جمع کرادیں اگریہ پہلے کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹرار کو جمع نہیں کرائی گئی شیئر ہولڈرز کے کارآمدسی این آئی سی کی کا پی کمپنی کے ریکارڈ زمیس عدم دستیا بی کی صورت میں کمپنیز ایکٹ، ۲۰۱۷ کے سیکشن ۲۴۳ کی شقوں کے تحت منافع منقسمہ کوروک لے گی۔

۸۔ ہے کی تبدیلی

شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہا پنے ڈاک کے پنوں میں کسی بھی تنبدیلی ،اگرکوئی ہو، سے فوری طور پر کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکومطلع فر مائیں۔ کارپوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہا پنے مجازنمائندے کے کوائف میں کسی بھی تبدیلی ،اگر لا گوہو، سے فوری طور پر مطلع کریں۔

9_ تحائف کی تقسیم کی ممانعت

الیںای سی پی کےالیں آراوا ۴۵ (۱)/۲۰۲۵ مورخہ کا مارچ ۲۰۲۵ء کے تحت جاری کردہ ہدایات کے مطابق ممپنی اپنے تمام شیئر ہولڈرز کو مطلع کرتی ہے کہ سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام میں کوئی تحا کف تقسیم نہیں کیے جائیں گے۔

۱۰۔ ویبسائٹ

سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام کی اطلاع شیئر ہولڈرزکوارسال کرنے کےعلاوہ کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.dynea.com.pk پرفراہم کی جارہی ہے۔

سى ۔ نقدمنافع منقسمہ کی الیکٹرانیکلی ادائیگی (ای مینڈیٹ)

کمپنیزا یکٹے ۱۰۲ء کے سیشن ۲۴۲ کی شقوں اور کمپنیز (منافع منقسمہ کی تقسیم) ریگولیشز ، ۱۰۲ کے مطابق بدلازم ہے کہ نقد کی صورت میں قابل اوائی منافع منقسمہ صرف بذر بعد الیکٹرا تک طریقہ کاربراہِ راست استحقاق کے حالی شیئر ہولڈر کی جانب سے نامز دکر دہ بینک اکا وُنٹ میں جمع کرایا جائے۔ اس سلسلے میں ضوابط کے تحت اخبارات میں نوٹسز پہلے ہی شائع کرائے جا بچکے ہیں۔ تمام شیئر ہولڈرز کوایک بار پھر مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ وہ این بینک مینڈ بیٹ کی تفصیلات جس میں (i) اکا وُنٹ کا ٹائٹل (ii) آئی بی اے این نمبر (iii) بدیک کانام ، کوڈاور پہ شامل ہو، کمپنی کے شیئر رجمٹر ارکوفراہم کر دیں۔ ایسے شیئر ہولڈرز جو پاڑیسپینٹس/سینٹرل ڈپازٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان (سی ڈیسی) کے پاس شیئر زکے حامل ہوں ، ان کوآگاہ کیا جاتا ہے کہ وہ اپنا مینڈ بیٹ متعلقہ بروکر/سی ڈیسی کوفراہم کر دیں۔ کممل بینک تفصیلات بشمول آئی بی اے این کی عدم موجودگی میں ان کوآگاہ کینی مذکورہ بالا کمپنیز ایکٹ ، کا ۲۰۱ کے سیکشن ۲۲۳۳ کی شق کے تحت منافع منقسمہ روک لے گی۔ 'الیکٹرونک ڈیویڈ ٹیمینڈ بیٹ فارم' انگریز میا اور ورنوں میں کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ ۲۲۰۳ کے سیکشن www.dynea.com.pk پر دستیا ہے۔

ڈی۔ غیرکلیم کردہ منافع منقسمہ اورشیئر سرٹیفکیٹس

سمپنی نے مختلف مواقع پر کمپنیزا یکٹ، ۱۷۰۷ کے سیکشن ۲۴۴ کے تحت اپنی ذمہ داری پوری کی ہے اور قانون کے مطابق شیئر ہولڈرز سےان کے غیر وصول شدہ منافع اور نہ چہنچنے والے شیئر سر ٹیفکیٹس کے دعوے دائر کرنے کے لئے رجوع کیا ہے۔

کوئی بھی شیئر ہولڈرز جن کے منافع منقسمہ اور شیئر سرٹیفکیٹس ابھی تک غیرکلیم کردہ/غیر ترسیل شدہ ہوں ،ان سے بذریعہ باذا ایک بار پھر درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ تمام ترضر وری تفصیلات کے ساتھ فوری طور پراپئی واجب الا دا منافع منقسمہ کی رقومات اور/یا غیر ترسیل شدہ سرٹیفکیٹس کے کلیم کے لئے رابطہ کریں۔اگرمقررہ مدت کے اندر کمپنی کوکوئی کلیم موصول نہ ہوا تو کمپنی مروجہ قوانین کے مطابق اس پرمزید کارروائی کرے گی۔

۵۔ سالاندر پورٹ کی بذریعای میل تقسیم (اختیاری)

کمپنیز ایکٹ، ۱۰۵۷ کے سیشن ۲۲۳ (۲) کی شق کے مطابق کمپنیز کو اجازت دی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے سالانہ مالیاتی حسابات بشمول آڈیٹرز رپورٹ اور ڈائر یکٹرز رپورٹ وغیرہ (''سالانہ رپورٹ') اور سالانہ اجلاسِ عام کی اطلاع (''نوٹس'') اپنے شیئر ہولڈرز کو بذریعہ ای میل ارسال کر سکتے ہیں۔ کمپنی کے ایسے شیئر ہولڈرز جو کمپنی کی سالانہ رپورٹ اور سالانہ اجلاسِ عام کے نوٹس بذریعہ ای میل وصول کرنے کے خواہشند ہوں ،ان سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ (کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر دستیاب) الیکٹر ونک کمیونیکیشن کنسیٹ فارم کوپُر کر کے کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکوار سال کر دیں۔

۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۵ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کیلئے کمپنی کے آڈٹ شدہ مالیا تی حسابات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.dynea.com.pk پر گزشتہ سالوں کے سالا نہ اور سہ ماہی مالیا تی حسابات کے ساتھ دستیاب ہیں۔

۲۔ فزیکل شیئرز کی بک اینٹری کی صورت میں منتقلی

کمپنیزا یکٹ، ۲۰۱۷ کے سیکشن ۲۷ کے مطابق تمام لسٹہ کمپنیوں کے لئے بیلازم ہے کہ وہ کمپنیزا یکٹ، ۲۰۱۷ کے نافذ العمل ہونے کی تاریخ سے مسال کے اندر ان کی جانب سے فزیکل صورت میں جاری کر دہ شیئر زکو بگ اینٹری کی شکل میں تبدیل کریں۔

الیں ای سی پی کے لیٹر نمبر CSD/ED/Misc./2016-639-640 مورخہ ۲۰۱۱ء کے تحت ڈائنیا پاکستان کمیٹڈ کے ان تمام شیئر ہولڈرز سے رابطہ کررہی ہے جن کے پاس فزیکل فولیواشیئر سرٹیفلیٹس موجود ہیں تا کہ وہ اپنے شیئر زکوجلداز جلد بگ اینٹری فارم میں منتقل کرلیں۔ بگ اینٹری کی صورت میں شیئر زہونے سے شیئر زرکھنے کاعمل مزید بہتر اور خطرات سے پاک ہوجائے گا اور شیئر ہولڈرز کوشیئر زکم محفوظ تحویل کی سہولت بھی حاصل ہوجائے گا۔ شیئر ہولڈرز اپنے فزیکل شیئر زکی بگ اینٹری کی صورت میں منتقل کے لئے کمپنی یا اس کے شیئر رجسٹر ار، میسرز فیمکوشیئر رجسٹریشن سروسز (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ سے رابطہ کر سکتے ہیں۔

اطلاع برائيهم وال سالانه اجلاسِ عام

کے اختتام تک کھلی رہیں گی۔ شیئر ہولڈر سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام کے ایجنڈ ا آٹٹمز کے لئے اپنے تبھرے اور استفسارات بھی ۱۳ اکتوبر ۲۰۲۵ء تک dpl.corporate @dynea.com.pk پرفراہم کر سکتے ہیں۔

ڈی۔ وڈ یوکانفرنس ہولت کے لئے اجازت نامہ

کمپنیزا یکٹ،۲۰۱۷ کے سیکشن (b) (۱) ۱۳۴۷ کے مطابق ممبران اس سالانہ اجلاسِ عام کے لئے وڈیو کا نفرنس کی سہولت حاصل کر سکتے ہیں۔اس کے لئے بیلازم ہے کہ کمپنی کوکسی ایک شہر میں مقیم افیصد یا زائد شیئر ہولڈنگ کے حامل ممبران کی جانب سے اجلاس کی مقررہ تاریخ سے کم از کم کے دن قبل کمپنی کو درخواست موصول ہونی چاہیئے۔

اس سلسلے میں درج ذیل فارمیٹ کے مطابق و شخط شدہ درخواست کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ آ فس میں مقررہ مدت کے اندرجیجی جاسکتی ہے:

کمپنی ممبران کوسالا نہ اجلاسِ عام کی تاریخ سے کم از کم ۵ دن قبل وڈیو کا نفرنسنگ سہولت کے مقام کے بارے میں اور اس سہولت تک رسائی کے بارے میں تمام ضروری معلومات کے ساتھ آگاہ کردے گی۔

۷۔ اے۔ منافع منقسمہ برود ہولڈنگ ٹیکس

موجودہ طور پر کمپنیز کی جانب سے اداکی جانے والی منافع منقسمہ کی رقم پر ود ہولڈنگ ٹیکس کی کٹوتی زیر دفعہ ۱۱۵کم ٹیکس آرڈیننس،۱۰۰۰ء کے فرسٹ شیڈول کے ڈویژن ۱ بابت ۱۱۱ کے مطابق درج ذیل ہے:

- i) ا کیٹوٹیکس پیئرلسٹ (اےٹی ایل) پرموجودافراد کے لئے ا
- ii) ایکٹوٹیکس پیئرلسٹ (اےٹی ایل) پرموجود نہ ہونے والے افراد کے لئے ۳۰ فیصد

وہ شیئر ہولڈرز جواپنے گوشوارے داخل کر چکے ہول انہیں ہدایت کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے ناموں کی ایف بی آر کی ویب سائٹ پر فراہم کر دہ تازہ ترین ٹیکس پیئر زلسٹ (اے ٹی ایل) پر موجود گی کومنا فع منقسمہ کی ادائیگی کے وقت لیٹنی بنا کیں بصورتِ دیگر انہیں اے ٹی ایل پر موجود نہ ہونے والافر دتصور کیا جائے گا اور ان کے نقد منافع منقسمہ پر ۱۵ فیصد کے بجائے ۳۰ فیصد کی شرح سے کٹوتی کی جائے گی۔

بی ۔ جوائنٹ اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرز کی صورت میں منافع منقسمہ پرود ہولڈنگ ٹیکس

کمپنی کور یگولیٹرزی ہدایات پڑمل کرتے ہوئے جوائٹ اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر (ہولڈرز) کے شیئر ہولڈنگ کے تناسب کانعین (جہاں پرسپل شیئر ہولڈرکی حابت ہے کہ وہ جانب سے شیئر ہولڈنگ کا تعین نہ کیا گیا ہو) کمپنی کے منافع منقسمہ پر ود ہولڈنگ ٹیکس کی گوتی کے سلسلے میں شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ ایپ پاس موجود شیئر ہولڈنگ کے تناسب کی تفصیل بطور پر نہل شیئر ہولڈرزان کے مشتر کہ ہولڈرز کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکوفرا ہم کر دیں تا کہ کمپنی اس کے مطابق ہرایک شیئر ہولڈرگ ہیں کا تعین کر سکے مطلوبہ معلومات لاز ما سمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکوف اکتوبر ۲۰۲۵ء تک موصول ہوجا ئیں بصورتِ دیگر ہرایک شیئر ہولڈرکوشیئر کے مساوی تعداد کا حامل تصور کیا جائے گا اور اس کے مطابق ٹیکس کی گوتی کی جائے گا۔

اطلاع برائے مهم واب سالاندا جلاس عام

ٹرانسفریز کے تعین کے مقصد کیلئے ہروقت تصور کئے جائیں گے۔

۳۔ اے۔ اجلاس میں شرکت کرنا

- i افراد کی صورت میں اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریاضمنی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈراور/یاایسے افراد جن کی سیکیورٹیز گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں درج ہیں اور جن کی رجسٹریشن تفصیلات قواعد کے مطابق اَپ لوڈ ہو چکی ہیں، انہیں اجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت اپنااصل کمپیوٹر ائز ڈقومی شناختی کارڈ (''سی این آئی سی'') یا اصل یاسپورٹ پیش کرنا ہوگا۔
- ii کار پوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قراداد/ پاورآف اٹارنی مع نامزد کردہ کے نمونہ دستخط اجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت فراہم کرنا ہوں گے۔

بی۔ براکسی کا تقرر

سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا استحقاق رکھنے والا کوئی بھی ممبر اجلاس میں اپنی جگہ شرکت کرنے ، بولنے اور ووٹ دینے کیلئے ایک ممبر پراکسی کا تقر رکرسکتا ہے۔ پراکسی کے تقر رکی دستاویز لازمی طور پر کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ آفس میں یا کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکے مذکورہ بالا پیتے پر اجلاس کے مقررہ وفت سے کم از کم ۴۸ (اڑتالیس) گھٹے قبل پراکسی کی حیثیت کے تقر رکرنے والے شیئر ہولڈر کی سی این آئی سی کی مصدقہ کا بی کے جمراہ موصول ہوجائے شیئر ہولڈرز کی سہولت کیلئے پراکسی فارم (انگریزی اور اردودونوں میں) نوٹس ہذا کے ساتھ منسلک کیے گئے ہیں اور کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.dynea.com.pk یہ میں دستیاب ہیں۔

کارپوریٹ ادار ہے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار داد/ پاورآف اٹارنی مع نامز دکر دہ کے نموند متخط بشمول ان کے سی این آئی سی اجلاس کے وقت سے کم از کم ۴۸ (اڑتالیس) گھنٹے قبل فراہم کر دی جائیں۔انفرادی ممبران یا سی ڈی سی میں کمپنی کے کارپوریٹ ممبران کے نمائند سے لازمی طور پراپنے اصل سی این آئی سی یا پاسپورٹ اور سی اکاؤنٹ اور پارٹیسپنٹ آئی ڈی نمبرز اجلاس کے وقت اپنی شناخت اور تصدیق کیلئے پیش کریں۔

سی ڈیسی ا کا وَنٹ ہولڈرزکومزید برآل سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکیجینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کی جانب سے جاری کردہ سرکلرنمبرا،مورخہ ۲۲ جنوری ۲۰۰۰ء میں دی گئی رہنما ہدایات اورکسی بھی اَپ ڈیٹ پر بھی عمل کرنا ہوگا۔

س ۔ سالانہ اجلاسِ عام کی کارروائیوں میں ورچوکل شرکت

سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام میں ورچوکلی بذریعہ وڈیوکانفرنس ہولت شرکت کے خواہشمند شیئر ہولڈرز کو بذریعہ ہذا ہدایت کی جاتی ہے کہ دہ درج ذیل معلومات dpl.corporate@dynea.com.pk بشمول ہی این آئی ہی کی کارآ مد کا پی ای میل کرکے خود کو کمپنی کے پاس رجسڑ ڈ کرالیں:

ای میل ایڈریس	دابطنمبر	شيئرز كى تعداد	فولیونمبر/سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ نمبر	سیاین آئی ہی/ این ٹی این نمبر	شيئر ہولڈر کا نام

* جہاں قابل اطلاق ہو، براہ مہر بانی شیئر ہولڈر کے بروکسی ہولڈر کی بھی مذکورہ بالاتفصیلات فراہم کی جائیں۔

آن لائن میٹنگ لنک اورلاگ اِن کی تفصیلات صرف ان ممبران/ پراکسیز کوفرا ہم کی جائیں گی جن کے تمام تر مطلوبہ کوا کف پر شتمل ای میلز دیے گئے ای میل ایڈریس پر بروز ہفتہ ۱۱۸ کتو بر ۲۰۲۵ء کوشام ۵:۰۰ بجے تک موصول ہوجائیں گے۔ لاگ اِن کی سہولت دوپہر ۲:۱۵ بجے سے اجلاس

اطلاع برائيسهم وال سالانه اجلاسٍ عام

بذر بعه ہذااطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ ڈائنیا پاکستان کمیٹی) مے ممبران کا ۴۳ واں سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف چارٹرڈ اکا وَنٹینٹس آف پاکستان کے آف باکستان کے آف باکستان کے درج ذیل امور کی آفرنس فیسیلٹی ، بروز پیر۱۲ کتو بر۲۵ کو وو پہر ۱۲:۳۰ ہے درج ذیل امور کی انجام دہی کیلئے منعقد کیا جائے گا:

عمومي كارروائي

- ا۔ ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۵ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کیلئے کمپنی کے سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی حسابات مع ان پر چیئر مین کی جائزہ رپورٹ، ڈائر یکٹرز اور آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹس کی وصولی غور اور منظوری کمپنیز ایکٹ، ۱۰۰۷ کے سیشن ۲۲۳ کے تحت کمپنی کے سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی حسابات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر آپ لوڈ کردیے گئے ہیں جنہیں نوٹس میں دیئے گئے QR کوڈ اور ویب لنک کے ذریعے ڈاؤن لوڈ کیا جاسکتا ہے۔
- ۲۔ ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۵ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کیلئے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی سفارش کے مطابق حتی نقد منافع منقسمہ بشرح ۶۰ء۱روپے فی شیئر یعنی ۲۰۰ فیصد ادائیگی کی منظوری دینا۔ یہ ۱۰ فیصد عبوری منافع منقسمہ یعنی ۶۰ء۵ روپے فی خصص جو پہلے ہی ادا کیا جاچکا ہے کہ علاوہ ہے۔ اس طرح مالیاتی سال ۲۰۲۲-۲۵ وکیلئے مجموعی طور پر ۲۰۰۳ فیصد یعنی ۶۰ء۵ روپے فی خصص منافع منقسمہ ہوگا۔
- ۔۔ برائے سال ۲۷۔۲۰۲۵ءا کیسٹرنل آڈیٹرز کا تقر راوران کے معاوضے کا تعین ۔موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرز بی ڈی اوابرا ہیم اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ ا کا وَثَنینٹس مدیختم ہونے کے بعداوراہل ہونے کی بناء برخودکود وبارہ تقرری کیلئے پیش کرتے ہیں۔
 - سم۔ چیئر مین اجلاس کی اجازت ہے کمپنی کے سی بھی دیگر عمومی امور کی انجام دہی۔

حسب الحکم بورڈ مجتبی حسن گھانچی مہینی سیریٹری

کراچی:

۲استمبر۲۵ ۲۰ ء

نوٹ:

ا۔ QR کوڈاورویبانک کے ذریعے سالاندر پورٹ کی دستیابی

کمپنیزا یکٹ،۲۰۱۷ کے سیکشن ۲۲۳ اور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنج کمیشن آف پاکستان کے ایس آراو ۹۸۳ (۱) ۲۰۲۳ مورخد ۲۱ مارچ ۲۰۲۳ء کے تحت، کمپنی کے سالاند آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی حسابات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پراَپ لوڈ کر دیے گئے ہیں جنہیں درج ذیل QR کوڈ اور ویب لنگ کے ذریعے دیکھا جا سکتا ہے:



https://www.dynea.com.pk/wp-content/uploads/2025/09/JUNE-2025.pdf

۲۔ بگس کی بندش

کمپنی کی شیئر ٹرانسفر بگس ۱۱ اکتوبر۲۰۲۵ء تا ۲۰ اکتوبر۲۰۲۵ء (بشمول دونوں ایام) سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام اور حتمی نقد منافع منقسمہ کی ادائیگی کے مقاصد کیلئے بند رہیں گی۔ ہمار ہے شیئر رجسٹر ار، میسرز فیمکوشیئر رجسٹریشن سروسز (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹٹر، ۴-8 متصل ہوٹل فاران ، نرسری ، بلاک-6، پی ای سی ان کی ایس، شاہراہِ فیصل ، کراچی ۔ فون: 5-34380101 (92-29)، 3438060 (ایسٹینشن 103) فیکس: 34380106 (92-29) پر ۱۰ اکتوبر ۲۰۲۵ء کوکار و باری اوقات کے اختتام تک (شام ۵۰۰۰ ہے) درست موصولہ ٹرانسفر حتمی منافع منقسمہ کی ادائیگی اور سالانہ اجلاسِ عام میں شرکت کے لئے

15 بورڈ اور بیشتر کمیٹیوں کے تمام تر اجلاس وڈیوکا نفرنسنگ کے ذریعے منعقد کیے گئے۔

ويندفيس اور برمث فيس كيس

دسمبر 2019 میں حکومت سندھ نے ایک درخواست دائر کی کہ محکہ فوری اور منسلکہ اپیلوں کیلئے دباؤنہیں ڈال سکتا اورنوٹیفکیشن مورخہ 14 فروری 2002 کے بعد اور سندھ (ترمیمی)

آبکاری آرڈیننس 2002 مورخہ 30 اکتوبر 2002 کے بعد تازہ ترین ڈیمانڈ کی جائے گی۔ اس کے علاوہ محکہہ 1990 سے اکتوبر 2002 تک کی مدت کیلئے انڈیمنٹی بانڈز کے ذریعے محفوظ ڈیمانڈ کوسرینڈ کو اسپریم کورٹ نے ان شرا اکا پر دشتبر داری کو قبول کرلیا۔ محکمہ کی جانب سے دوبارہ ڈیمانڈ کی وصولی کے تحت کم بینی کا ارادہ ہے کہ متعلقہ عدالت انصاف سے کیس کے دفاع کیلئے دابطہ کیا جائے۔ اب تک ایکسائز ڈیارٹمنٹ کی جانب سے دوئی ایسامطالبہ نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔ قانونی مشیر کے نقط نظر کے مطابق اور معالم کی خوبیوں کے پیش نظر کمپنی اپنی حسابات میں فراہم نہیں کی گئی ہے۔ بورڈ اور انتظامیہ پُر اعتماد ہیں کر کمپنی اپنی موجودہ حیثیت کے مطابق کا مجاری رکھی گی۔

آ ڈیٹرز کاتقرر

میسرز بی ڈی اوابراہیم اینڈ نمپنی چارٹرڈ اکا وَنٹینٹ نے آئندہ سال کے لئے بطور آڈیٹر خدمات انجام دینے کی خواہش ظاہر کی ہے۔وہ انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف چارٹرڈ اکاوٹٹینٹس آف یا کستان کےکوالٹی کنٹرول رپو پروگرام کے تحت اطمینان بخش ریٹنگ کے حامل ہیں۔ڈائر یکٹرز نے سفارش کی ہے کہ انہیں آئندہ سال کے لئے آڈیٹر نقینات کردیا جائے۔

چيئر مين کا جائزه

کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز چیئر مین کے جائزے، کمپنی کی مجموعی کارکردگی ، مستقبل کے منظر نامے اور بورڈ کی کارکردگی اوراس کے موثر ہونے کے حوالے سے تمام ترمشتملات کی توثیق کرتے ہیں۔

اعتراف

ڈائر کیٹرزتمام اسٹیک ہولٹرز کی کاوشوں کااعتراف کرتے ہیں اور رواں مالی سال کیلئے اطمینان بخش نتائج کے حصول میں ان کی شرا کت پرانہیں خراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں بالخصوص مالیاتی اداروں،صارفین اور کمپنی کے ملاز مین کے تعاون بران کے دلی شکر گزار ہیں۔

بورڈ آ ف ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے

ئىسىمۇسىيۇر ۋوىلەرچىيىكىن چىرئىين مصطفی جعفر مصطفی جعفر چف ایگزیٹو آ فیسر

كراچى: 12 ستبر 2025

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8 بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرزنے وژن اورمشن سٹیٹمٹنس رائج کرر کھے ہیں۔

9 مسکیسز اور ایویز ہے متعلق معلومات ا کا ونٹس کے نوٹس میں دی گئی ہیں۔

10 کمپنی کے پراویڈنٹ فنڈ اسکیم میں سرمایہ کاری کی مالیت جو 30 جون 2025 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے غیر آ ڈٹ شدہ حسابات پر بنی ہے، وہ 110 ملین روپے پر موجود ہے۔

11 درج ذیل کے سلسلے میں بیانات منسلک ہیں:

i گزشتہ 6 سالوں کے لئے کلیدی فنانشل ڈیٹا۔

ii شيئر ہولڈنگ کا طریقہ کار

12 زیرجائزہ سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزنے(6) چھمرتبہ اجلاس طلب کئے اوران میں متعلقہ ڈائر یکٹرز کی شرکت درج ذیل کے مطابق رہی:

اجلاسول میں شرکت	پورڈ عمیرز کے نام	نمبرشار
6/6	جناب ڈ وہلد ٔ حبیکن (چیئر مین)	1
6/6	جناب مصطفیٰ جعفر (چیف ایکزیکٹوآ فیسر)	2
6/6	جناب عدنان آ فریدی	3
5/6	جناب لی ^{کِن} سنگ	4
6/6	محترمهانع فاطمه خان	5
6/6	جناب مظهروالجي	6
1/2	محترمه نائله قاسم	7
3/3	جنابطارق احمدخان*	8

13 ت و شکیٹی نے (4) چارا جلاس طلب کئے اوران میں متعلقہ ڈائر کیٹرز کی شرکت درج ذیل کے مطابق رہی:

اجلاسول میں شرکت	ڈا <i>تز یکٹر</i> ز کے نام	نمبرشار
4/4	جناب عدنان آفریدی (چیئر مین)	1
4/4	جناب ژومنار حبينكن	2
4/4	جناب مظهر والجي	3
2/2	محتر مدانعم فاطمه خان *	4

^{*128} کتوبر 2024 کوآ ڈٹ کمیٹی کوسٹین ابلیلیٹ کمیٹی سے متعلق امور کی نگرانی کا اضافی کردار تفویض کیا گیا۔اس تاریخ کومحتر مدانعم فاطمہ خان کوآ ڈٹ کمیٹی میں ممبر کی حیثیت سے شامل کیا گیا۔

14 انسانی وسائل اورمعاوضه کمیٹی نے (2) دواجلاس طلب کئے اوراس میں متعلقہ ڈائر کیٹرز کی شرکت درج ذیل کےمطابق رہی:

ا جلاسول میں شرکت	ڈا <i>ئز یکٹر</i> ذ کےنام	تمبرشار
0/0	محترمه نائله قاسم (چيئر پرس)*	1
2/2	جناب ^ژ ومالهٔ حبینکن	2
2/2	جناب ^{مصطف} ی جعفر	3
2/2	محترمهانغم فاطمه خان	4

^{*30} جون 2025 کومختر مدنا کلہ قاسم کواضافی وسائل اور معاوضہ کمیٹی کی چیئر برین مقرر کیا گیا، انہوں نے محتر مدانعم فاطمہ خان کی جگہ سنجالی۔ بیتقرری 27 جون 2025 کو ڈائر یکٹرز کے انتخابات کے بعدعمل میں آئی۔

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اندرونی مالیاتی کنٹرول کی موزونیت

اندرونی آڈٹ کی خدمات بیرونی ذرائع سے جاری رکھی جاتی ہیں۔سال کے دوران اندرونی اور بیرونی آڈیٹرز کی ضروری تفتیش سے انتظامیہ کی جانب سے ترجیحی بنیاد پرنمٹا گیا اوران کے اسٹیٹس کوسہ ماہی بنیاد پرآ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے اجلاسوں میں زمر بحث لایا گیا۔

بورڈ فنانس، بینکاری اور کاروباری انتظام کے پس منظر کے حامل ڈائر یکٹرز کی متحکم نمائندگی پرمشتمل ہے۔ تشکیل کردہ مسٹمز اس امرکویقینی بناتے ہیں کی کمپنی کے آپریشنز کے تمام پہلوؤی کا الیاتی انتظام انتہائی شفاف، دیانت دار اور مربوط انداز میں چلایا جاتا ہے۔ اندرونی آڈٹ کے امور سے PWC تک کی آؤٹ سورسٹگ کاروبار کے مالیاتی انتظام کومزید متحکم بناتی ہے اور کمپنی کے آپریشنز کوایک غیر جانبدار جائزہ فراہم کرتی ہے۔

جائزوں، مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کنٹرول کی جاری جانچ پڑتال اورسال کے دوران منعقد کردہ آڈٹس سے حاصل کردہ نتائج پڑتنی صورتحال پر کمپنی نےغور کیا ہے کہ انٹرنل کنڑول کا موجودہ نظام موزوں ہے اورموژ طور پرلا گوکیا گیا اور مانیٹر کیا جاتا ہے۔ایس اے پی،ای آرپی سٹم نظام گزشتہ 3 سال سے کامیا بی کےساتھ چل رہا ہے جس نے مالی نظم ونسق اور کنٹرول کومزید موثر بنایا ہے۔ڈائر کیٹرزمسلسل داخلی مالی کنٹرولز کی موز ونیت،موئر ثر بنانے اور بروقت نفاذ پرنظرر کھتے ہیں۔

متعلقه يارثيول كےساتھ لين دين

سمپنی کی جانب سے منسلکہ پارٹیوں کے ساتھ تمام ٹرانز یکشنزاپنی گنجائش کی بنیاد پر کاروبار کے عمومی طریقہ کار کے مطابق کی گئیں اوران کو متعلقہ نوٹس کے تحت مالیاتی حسابات میں واضح کردیا گیاہے۔

نمایان تبدیلیان اور معامدے

کمپنی کے مالی سال کے اختیام سے لے کرمتعلقہ بیلنس شیٹ اورر پورٹ کی تاریخ کے دوران ایسی کوئی اہم تبدیلی یا معاہدے نہیں کیے گئے جو کمپنی کی مالی پوزیشن پراثر انداز ہوتے ہوں، ماسوائے ان کے جن کی وضاحت مالیاتی حسابات یااس رپورٹ میں کردی گئی ہے۔

منافع منقسمه اوراخضاص

گزشتہ مالی سال کے دوران کمپنی کی کارکردگی کے پیش نظر ڈائر کیٹرزنے پہلے ہی 5.00روپے فی شیئر یعنی 100 فیصد عبوری منافع منقسمہ ادا کیا ہے اوراب 10.00 روپے فی شیئر یعنی 200 فیصد شیئر ہولڈرز کوحتمی منافع منقسمہ کی ادائیگی کی تجویز کی ہے۔ڈائر کیٹرزنے جزل ریز روکے لئے ایک بلین روپے کی منتقلی کا بھی اعلان کیا ہے۔

سمپنی کے شیئر زکی تجارت

30 جون 2025 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران ڈائر یکٹرز ،ا یکز یکٹوز اوران کے شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں کی جانب سے کمپنی کے شیئرز کی کوئی خرید وفروخت نہیں کی گئی ماسوائے ان کے جس کی وضاحت شیئر ہولڈنگ کے پیٹرن میں کر دی گئی ہے۔

كودُ آ ف كاربوريث كورنينس

کمپنی کے ڈائز کیٹرز اورانتظامیہ بہترین کارپوریٹ گورنینس کیلئے پُرعزم ہیں۔جیسا کہ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے تحت لازم ہے، ڈائز کیٹرز بمسرت ورج ذیل بیان جاری کررہے ہیں:

- 1 کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے جاری کردہ مالیاتی حسابات کمپنی کے انتظامی امور،اس کے آپریشنز کے نتائج ،کیش فلواورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلی کوشفاف انداز میں واضح کرتے ہیں۔
 - 2 مینی کے حسابات کی کتب با قاعدہ مرتب کی جاتی ہیں۔
 - 3 مالیاتی حسابات کی تیاری میں موزوں اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیاں مستقل طور پرلاگو کی جاتی ہیں اور اکاؤنٹنگ کے تخمینہ جات درست اور مختاط فیصلوں پربنی ہوتے ہیں۔
- 4 مالیاتی حسابات کی تیاری کی بنیاد بین الاقوامی فنانشل رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈ رڈ ز کے طور پر استعمال کئے جاتے ہیں اوران سے کسی بھی رُ وگر دانی کومناسب طور پر بیان اور واضح کر دیا جاتا ہے۔
 - 5 اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام شکھم ہےاورموژ طور پر نافذ العمل اورزیر گرانی رہتا ہے۔
 - 6 سنگینی کی صلاحیت کے بارے میں کوئی ایساشبزہیں کہ بیر قی کے راستے پر گا مزن ادارہ نہیں۔اس سلسلے کی معلومات رپورٹ میں علیحدہ سے بیان کی گئی ہے۔
- 7 کارپوریٹ گورنینس کی بہترین پر پیٹس سے کوئی نمایاں رُوگر دانی نہیں کی جاتی جیسا کہ لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں مفصل طور پر درج ہے۔ ہرایک ڈائر بکٹراور ملازم کیلئے ایک ضابطہ اخلاق تیاراورانہیں فراہم کر دیاجا تاہے۔

مجموعی طور پراس جانچ پڑتال کے نتائج مثبت رہےاور بورڈ کےممبران نے محسوس کیا کہ بورڈ کے امور کمپنی کے آپیشنل امور کوخوش اسلو بی سے چلانے کے لئے موثر اور بہتر شراکت کے حامل ہیں۔

ذ - نان - ایگزیکٹواورآ زارڈائریکٹرز کیلئے معاوضہ یالیسی

بورڈ نے ڈائر یکٹرز کے معاوضوں کے تعین کے لئے شفاف طریقہ کار کے ذریعے با قاعدہ ایک پالیسی تشکیل دی ہے۔کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے مطابق کوئی ڈائر یکٹر اپنے ذاتی معاوضے کے پیکیج کے تعین میں مداخلت نہیں کرتا جو کہ کمپنی کسی نان۔ایگزیکٹوڈائر یکٹرکواجلاس میں شرکت کیلئے اس کے بہترین ٹیلنٹ کے ممن میں فیس کے طور پر اداکرتی ہے۔کمپنی کے معاوضے کی پالیسیاں موجودہ صنعت کے رجحانات اور کاروباری طریقہ کارکے لئا طریقہ کارکے اور سے شکیل دی جاتی ہیں۔

ر ایگزیگوڈائریکٹرزکامعاوضہ

ڈائر کیٹرزاور چیف ایگز کیٹوآ فیسر کےمعاوضوں کےسلسلے میں وضاحت مالیاتی حسابات کےنوٹ نمبر 43اور 44 میں بیان کی گئی ہے۔

ز۔ ڈائر یکٹرزٹریننگ پروگرام

نتخب ہونے والے تمام ڈائر یکٹرز با قاعدہ ڈائر یکٹرز کے تربیتی پروگرام کی شرائظ اورریگولیشنز میں درج مقررہ اہلیت کے معیار پر پورا اُٹرتے ہیں۔سال کے دوران کمپنی نے اپنے ہیڈ آف سیز اینڈ مارکیٹنگ اور ہیڈ آف انٹرنل آڈٹ کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرزٹر نینگ پروگرام کا اہتمام کیا۔

س۔ تنوع اور شمولیت

سمپنی یقین رکھتی ہے کہ ہرفر دایک منصفانہ اور جامع کام کے ماحول کوفر وغ دینے میں اہم کر دارا داکرتا ہے جوانسانی حقوق اوران متنوع ثقافتوں کااحترام کرتے ہیں جن میں ہم کام کررہے ہیں۔تنوع اور انفرادیت کواپنانے ہے،ہم ایک دوسر کے کہترین کارکردگی حاصل کرنے کے لئے حوصلہ دیتے ہیں۔ کمپنی کے پاس ایک پالیسی موجود ہے جو تنظیم کے اندرصنی تنوع کوفر وغ دینے کیلئے تیار کی گئی ہے۔

ہراسگی، ناپسندیدہ یا غیرمناسب رویے،اورکسی بھی قتم کی امتیازی سلوک کو ہر داشت نہیں کیا جاتا،اور کمپنی کے پاس ایک ہراسگی اور امتیازی سلوک کے خلاف پالیسی ہے جواس طرح کے خطرات سے بچانے کیلئے بنائی گئی ہے۔ہم شمولیت اور تنوع کے لئے پُرعزم ہیں اور ہرا یک کواپی شخصیت اور منفر دخیالات کے ساتھ کمپنی میں حصہ ڈالنے کی حوصلہ افزائی کرتے ہیں۔ یہ متنوع نقطہ نظر اور تجربات ہماری تنظیم کو مضبوط بناتے ہیں اور ہمارے اخترائی صلاحیتوں کو بہتر بناتے ہیں تاکہ ہم اپنے صارفین کی ضروریات کو لپورا کرسکیں۔

ہم فعال طور پرخوا تین ملاز مین کی حوصلہ افزائی کرتے ہیں کہ وہ اعلیٰ عہدوں کی طرف بڑھیں اورا پئی کارکردگی کی بنیاد پراضا فی ذمہ داریاں سنجالیں۔ پیطریقہ کارہاری کمپنی کی ثقافت کومضبوط بنا تا ہے اور ہرسطے پر بہترین صلاحیتوں کو برقر ارر کھنے اور پروان چڑھانے میں مد دکرتا ہے۔ کمپنی مختلف اقدامات کے ذریعے پائیداری کو برقر ارر کھنے کیلئے پُرعز م ہے جن میں DEl (تنوع، مساوات، اورشمولیت) کی کوششوں کوفروغ دینا بھی شامل ہے۔

ش۔ صنفی لحاظ سے نخوا ہوں میں فرق

سال 25-2024 کے لئے صنفی شخوا ہوں کا فرق درج ذیل ہے:

(وسط) Median	Mean(اوسط)	
25.22 فيصد	26.81 فيصد	غیرانتظامیه (Non-Management)

(وسط) Median	Mean(اوسط)	انظامیه(Management)
ن ملازمنهیں	اعلیٰ انتظامی عهدوں پرخانو	اعلیٰ
(8.24) فيصد	(0.3) فيصد	درمیانی
(6) فيصد	3.15 فيصد	<i>چ</i> ې

ڈائٹیا کی معاوضے کی پالیسی کےمطابق انتظامی اورغیرانتظامی دونوں ملاز مین مارکیٹ میں رائج تنخواہ کےمطابق بلاکسی سنفی امتیاز ملازم رکھے جاتے ہیں تنخواہ میں کوئی فرق اوورٹائم کی انفرادی کارکردگی ،ملازمت کی مدت اورخصوصی مہارت کی بنیاد پرہوتا ہے۔

dynea دائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ

الف۔ ایکسپورٹ کے ذریعے مارکیٹ کومخلف سمتوں میں فروغ دینا

برآ مدات میں مسلسل بہتری دیکھنے میں آئی، جہاں مالی 2025 میں افغانستان کو برآ مدات 44 فیصد تک بڑھ گئیں ۔ کمپنی نے رواں سال کینیا کو بھی برآ مدات کا آغاز کیا جس سے عالمی منڈیوں میں کمپنی کی موجود گی مزید شخکم ہوئی۔

(ب) قابل تجديد توانائي، سولراوروند ثربائن

کمپنی طویل مدتی حکمتِ عملی کے تحت اپنے کاربن فٹ پرنٹ میں کمی لانے کیلئے پائیدار توانائی کے حل کواولین ترجیح دیتی ہے۔ خیبر پختونخوا میں قائم گدون فیکٹری میں نصب بھی اس توانائی کے نظام نے نہ صرف نمایاں لاگت کی بچت فراہم کی بلکہ روایتی توانائی پرانحصار کم کیا۔ اس کامیابی کے نظام نوعیت کا نظام نصب کیا گیا۔ آئندہ کیلئے حب فیکٹری میں ونڈٹر بائن کی نصیب کا منصوبہ بنایا گیا ہے، جوفیکٹری کوکمل طور پر گرڈ پرانحصار تم کرنے کی جانب ایک اہم تعمیم کو

(ج) رئين ايديليوزاور يي وي اعدائث گلو

رواں سال کمپنی نے ریسن ڈویژن میں نئی مصنوعات کی کیٹیگری لیٹنی ریسن ایڈیٹیو زاور پی وی اے دائٹ گلو کی تجارتی پیدادار اور فروخت کا آغاز کیا۔ انظامیہ کوتو قع ہے کہ بیہ اضافہ مارکیٹ میں کمپنی کی موجود کی کومضبوط کرے گا اور منافع میں مثبت کردارادا کرے گا۔ بیمصنوعات موجودہ پیداداری سہولتوں اور انفر اسٹر پچرکواستعال کرتے ہوئے تیار کی جارہی ہیں، جس میں بڑے پیانے پرسر مایہ کاری کی ضرورت نہیں پڑی، سوائے اسٹورتی اورصحت ، حفاظت و ماحولیات (HSE) سے متعلق بہتری کے۔

ماحوليات، ساج اور گورنينس

الف۔ صحت ،تحفظ اوران کے ماحول پراثرات

صحت اور تحفظ کمپنی کیلئے ہمیشہ تر جیجات میں شامل ہیں اور ہم اپنے ملاز مین کی صحت اور حفاظت کے بارے میں انتہائی سنجیدہ رہتے ہیں۔اوراس کا دائر ہ کمپنی سے باہر بھی ہے۔ کمپنی نے میتھا نول کی اسٹور تک کی سہولت فراہم کرنے والی کمپنی کے ساتھ مل کراہے آپ گرنے کیلئے کام کیا ہے اور مزید براں میتھا نول کی نقل وحمل کیلئے اوگرا کے ضوابط کے مطابق ٹرانسپورٹ فراہم کرنے والوں کے ساتھ کا م کرنا ہے۔تا کہ اس بات کو یقنی بنایا جائے کہ یہتمام امور حفاظتی ضوابط کے مطابق ہوں۔

ماحولیاتی پہلو پر کمپنی اپنے فضلے کی ریبائکلنگ کیلئے مزید پیش رفت کررہی ہے۔ ISO رہنما خطوط کے مطابق ، HSE مینجنٹ سٹم کو ہمارے سلسل بہتری کے پروگرام میں شامل کیا گیا ہے۔

ب- کارپوریٹ سوشل رایسیالیٹی (ادارہ جاتی ساجی ذمدداری)

کمپنی صحت بعلیم اور ماحولیات کے تحفظ کے اقدامات میں شرکت کے ذریع سخید گی ہے ہاجی ماحول میں اپنی ذمہ داریاں اداکر رہی ہے۔

کمپنی حب، بلوچتان میں جینسن ویلج کے اندرایک بہترین پرائمری اسکول کو چلارہی ہے۔ یہ اسکول ابتدائی طور پرکمپنی کے ملاز مین کے بچوں کیلیے قائم کیا گیا تھا تاہم مقامی آبادی کے دیگر بچوں کوبھی اسکول میں واضلے کی اجازت دیدی گئی ہے۔ مزید برال کمپنی منافع بعداز ٹیکس کا ایک فیصد خیراتی اداروں اور اسپتالوں کو دیتی ہے۔ کمپنی نے بلوچتان اور کے پی دونوں میں مختلف ماجی پروگراموں میں بڑھ چڑھ کر حصہ لیا ہے۔

ج_ خطرات، بيتيني كي صور تحال اوراس كاندارك

کمپنی معیار کو برقر ارر کھنے کیلئے پُرعز م ہےاورا دارے میں خطرات کی جانچ اوران کے تدارک کیلئے خطرات کے بندوبست کا فریم ورک لا گورکھا ہے۔ بورڈ نے جائز ہ لیا ہے کہ کمپنی اور کیٹر کی کارکر دگی کیلئے عمومی خطرات رواں معاثی ماحول ہے متعلق ہیں۔ درآ مدشدہ خام مال پرڈیوٹیز اور ٹیرفس،اضافی کارپوریٹ ٹسکیسز اور بڑھتے ہوئے ایندھن اور تو اناکی کے اخراجات کے ساتھ ہماری مصنوعات کی مانگ میں کی ہے لیقینی کو بڑھانے کا باعث بنی ہے۔

با کفایت توانائی کومتنکم بنانے کے شمن میں کمپنی نے کامیابی کے ساتھ غیر قابل تجدید توانائی کے ذرائع پر انحصار کم کرنے کیلئے سولرا نرجی کا اقدام متعارف کرایا۔ ہم قدرتی وسائل کومخفوظ بنانے کے شمن میں پُرعزم میں۔اس کے ساتھ ایک ایفلو ئنٹٹریٹنٹ پلانٹ (ای ٹی پی) ہماری حب فیکٹری میں بلانٹس سے خارج ہونے والے پانی کو ریبائیکل کرنے کے لئے نصب کیا گیاہے۔

کمپنی تسلیم کرتی ہے کہ ملک کے معاثی انتظام کے لئے جواسٹر کیجرل تبدیلیاں لازمی ہیں وہ ممکنہ طور پر پیندیدہ نہیں ہوں گی۔ تا ہم انتظامیہ اورڈ ائر کیٹرز پُر اعتاد ہیں کہ پنی اتن مشتکم ہے کہ ان تبدیلیوں کا سامنا کر سکے اور مزید مضبوط بن کراُ بھرے۔ بورڈ اور کمپنی کی انتظامیہ اپنی مشتر کہ معلومات اور مہارت کو بروے کارلار ہی ہے تا کہ ان متعدد عوامل کے اثر اے کو کم سے کم کیا جا سکے۔

د بورد آف دائر يكثر زاوراس كىكميٹيوں كى كاركردگى كى جانچ پرتال

لٹڈ کمپنیز (کوڈ آ ف کارپوریٹ گورنینس)ریگولیشنز ، 2019 کےمطابق بورڈ اپنے انفرادی ممبران کی کارکردگی کی جانچ بورڈ بحثیت مجموعی اوراپنی کمیٹیوں کی کارکردگی کا جائز ہ لیتا ہے۔

كاروبارى جائزه

اقتصادي ماحول

سال 2025 میں پاکستان کی معیشت میں بتدریج بہتری دیکھنے میں آئی،جس میں نمایاں طور پرمہنگائی میں کمی،شرح سود کم ہونا، زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر میں اضافہ اور زرمبادلہ کی شرح میں استحکام شامل ہیں۔انعوامل نے کاروباری سرگرمیوں کوسہارا فراہم کیا اور مہنی کوستفل لاگت کے دباؤ کے باوجود منافع بخش انداز میں آپریشنز جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت کونیٹنی بنایا۔

تاہم بلندر توانائی کی قبتیں،قرضوں کیادائیگی کے بڑھتے ہوئے تقاضےاورمعیشت کی ساختی کمزوریاں اب بھی بڑے چیلنجز ہیں۔حکومت نے قلیل مدتی استحکام کے لیےاقدامات کیے ہیں،کین معیشت کوطویل المدتی یائمدارتر قی کی راہ پرڈالنے کے لیےمؤثر ساختی اصلاحات ناگزیر ہیں۔

قومی خزانے میں حصہ

سمینی نے زیر جائزہ سال کے لئے مختلف ٹیکسزاور لیویز کی صورت میں تو می خزانے میں 3,385 ملین روپے کی شراکت کی (24-2023 میں 3,469 ملین روپے)۔

مکمپنی کے امور اور بنیا دی سرگرمیاں

بورڈ کے مقاصد میں اس امر کویقنی بنانا شامل ہے کہ شیئر ہولڈرز کوا بسے تمام اہم اُ تارچڑ ھاؤاور معاملات سے باخبر رکھاجائے جو کمپنی کے امور کومتاثر کرتی ہیں۔شیئر ہولڈرز کوتمامتر اطلاعات سالا ندرپورٹ اورعبوری سہ ماہی رپورٹس پاکستان اسٹاک الیمپینچنج کے معلوماتی پورٹل کے ذریعے جب اور جہاں ضرورت ہو، باخبرر کھاجاتا ہے۔

بورڈ سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام اور کارپوریٹ بریفنگ سیشنز میں شیئر ہولڈرز کی شراکت کی حوصلہ افزائی کرتا ہے تا کہ شفافیت کی اعلی سطح کویقنی بنایا جائے کمپنی کے تمام تر مالیاتی حسابات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ (www.dynea.com.pk) پردستیاب ہیں اور تمام شیئر ہولڈرز کے استفسارات کا جواب دینے کیلئے ایک آفیسر کونامز دکر دیا گیا ہے۔

سمپنی بنیادی طور برفارل ڈی ہائیڈ ، فارمل ڈی ہائیڈ۔ بییڈریسنز اورمولڈنگ کمیا وَنڈ کی تیاری اورفروخت میں مصروف عمل ہے۔

آيريشنزاوركاروبار

سال 25-2024 کے لئے فروخت ہے آمدن 12,734 ملین روپے رہی جبکہاس کے مقابلے میں گزشتہ مالی سال 12,760 ملین روپے رہی تھی اور منافع قبل از ٹیکس 1,423 ملین روپے رہا جبکہاس کے مقابلے میں گزشتہ سال 1,904 ملین روپے تھا۔

الف۔ ریژن قسمت

سال25-2024 میں ریژن قسمت کی مجموعی بکری3,810 ملین روپے رہی جبکہ گزشتہ مالی سال میں 4,290 ملین روپے رہی تھی اوراس طرح2. 11 فیصد کی کمی ہوئی۔ ریژن قسمت کے شعبے سے نتائج 377 ملین روپے رہے جو کہ گزشتہ مالی سال کیلیے 775 ملین روپے رہے تھے۔

ب. مولدُنگ كميا وَندُقست

. سال25-2024 میں مولڈنگ کمپاؤنڈقسمت کی بکری8,924 ملین روپے رہی جبکہ اس کے مقابلے میں گزشتہ مالی سال کے دوران 8,470 ملین روپے رہی تھی اس طرح 4.5 فیصد کا اضافہ ہوا۔مولڈنگ کمپاؤنڈقسمت کے شعبے کے نتائج 1,596 ملین روپے رہے جوگزشتہ مالی سال میں 1,633 ملین روپے رہے تھے۔

مالیاتی کار کردگی

سال 25-2024 کے لئے کمپنی کے مختصر مالیاتی نتائج درج ذیل میں:

۔۔۔۔ (رویے ہزاروں میں) ۔۔۔۔

2023-24	2024-25
12,759,896	12,734,285
2,861,391	2,251,903
1,904,461	1,423,118
1,191,509	867,653
63.13	45.97

فروضت سے آمدنی مجموعی منافع منافع قبل از عیس منافع بعداز عیس آمدنی فی شیئر رویے میں

مستقبل كاجائزه

ملک کی مجموعی معاثی صورتحال مستقبل قریب میں مستقل طور پر کمپنی کے امور پر اثرا نداز رہے گی۔ کمپنی نے عام طور پرصورتحال کواچھی طرح سنجالا ہے اورانتظامیہ کو یقین ہے کہاس کے پاس حالات کوسنجالنے کے دسائل موجود ہیں۔ کمپنی اپنی انتظامی ٹیم ، فیکٹری کی افرادی قوت اوراپنے صارفین کے دائرہ کار پر بھر پوراعتا درکھتی ہے۔ پیمشتر کہ توت آنے والے سال کے لیے ہمار بے فروخت کے اہداف کو حاصل کرنے میں ہمارے اعتاد کو مزید تھکم بناتی ہے۔

رفيق محرصب كى ياديس (2025-1937)

ڈائنا پاکستان کمیٹڈا پنے بانی ڈائر کیٹررفیق محمصیب کے انتقال پر دلی رخی فیم کا اظہار کرتا ہے جو 3 ستمبر 2025 کووفات پاگئے۔انہوں نے ڈائنیا پاکستان میں 1982 تا 2009 تک باحثیت ڈائر کیٹر خد مات انجام دیں۔ایک وسیع اور بہترین نظریہ کے حامل اور ساجی رہنما تھے جنہوں نے دوراندلیثی،عاجزی، دیانتداری کےساتھ پاکستان کے شعقی منظرنا ہے کوشکیل دیا۔ان کی بلندتر افدار بھارے ادارے کیلئے ایک سگ میل رہیںگی۔

ہم ان کے انتقال پران کے اہل خانہ سے دلی افسوس کا اظاہر کرتے ہیں۔اللہ تعالیٰ ان کو جنت الفردوس میں اعلیٰ مقام عطافر مائے (آمین)۔

آپ کی کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹر زبمسرت 30 جون 2025 کوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کیلئے سالا ندر پورٹ مع کمپنی کے آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی حسابات پیش کررہے ہیں۔

ورڈ کے ڈائز یکٹرز

تمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی تفصیلات رپورٹنگ کی تاریخ پر درج ذیل ہیں:

نان۔ا بگزیکٹو	جناب ڈ وہلڈ جینکن ۔ چیئر مین	1
ا یگزیکٹو	جناب مصطفی جعفر _ چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر	2
آزاد	جناب عدنان آ فریدی	3
نان۔ا گیزیکٹو	جناب لی کنِ سنگ	4
نان ا بگزیکٹو	محتر مهانغم فاطمه خان	5
آزاد	جناب مظهر والجي	6
آ زاد	محتر مه نا ئله قاسم*	7

^{*} جناب طارق احمدخان نے 25 اپریل 2025 کوبطور ڈائر کیٹر سے استعفٰ دے دیا تھا۔اس کے نتیج میں بورڈ میں ایک عارضی خالی جگہ پیدا ہوئی جسے ریگولیٹری مدت کی حدکے اندر محتر مدنا کلہ قاسم کی تقرری کے ذریعے پُرکیا گیا۔

ڈائر کیٹرز کی مجموعی تعداد 7 درج ذیل کے مطابق ہے:

5	3/	а
2	خاتون	b

بورڈ کی تشکیل درج ذیل کے مطابق ہے:

3	آ زاد ڈائر کیٹرز	i
3	نان۔ا گیزیکٹوڈ ائر یکٹرز	ii
1	ا نگزیکٹوڈ ائر بکٹر	iii

بورڈ نے درج ذیل ممبران پر شمل کمیٹیاں تشکیل دی ہیں:

آ ڈٹ سمیٹی آ ڈٹ

چيئر مين	جناب عدنان آفریدی
ممبر	جناب ڈ ونلڈ جینکن
ممبر	جناب مظهروالجي
ممبر	محتر مدانعم فاطمدخان

انسانى وسائل اورمعاوضه ميثي

چیز پری	محتر مدنا كله قاسم
ممبر	جناب ڈ وعلد مجینکن
ممبر	جناب مصطفی جعفر

چيئرمين كا جائزه

ا نتہائی دباؤ کی معاشی صورتحال میں قابل وصول رقوم کی وصولی مستقل طور پرایک چیلنج ہے۔ ٹیکس فائلنگ اورا دائیگی کے نئے تقاضوں نے کاروباروں کیلئے کچھ غیریقینی صورتحال کو مزید بڑھادیا ہے۔

گگرانی کا کردار

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی اور بورڈ نے ایک پروگرام نافذ کیا ہے جس کے ذریعے کمپنی کی پالیسیوں اور طریقہ کار ، اجلاسوں میں جائزہ لینے اور اسے اپ ڈیٹ کرنے کے لئے بیش کئے جاتے ہیں۔کارپوریٹ گورنینس پرعملدر آمدکو برقر ارر کھنے کے لئے کوششیں جاری ہیں۔

بورڈ اپنی کارکردگی کی بھی نگرانی کرتا ہے۔ بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کی سالانہ جانچ نے وقت کے ساتھ مسلسل بہتری ظاہر کی ہے اور موجودہ درجہ بندی بلندسطے پر ہے۔ کمزوریوں کی نشاندہی کی جاتی ہے اورانہیں کم کرنے کے اقدامات کیے جاتے ہیں۔

معاونتی اور مشاورتی کردار

جیسا کہاس جائزے میں پہلے ذکر کیا گیا ہے، ڈائر مکٹرز با قاعدگی سے اپناوقت اور مہارت خوش دلی کے ساتھے فراہم کرتے میں جو کہانتظامیہ کے لئے نہایت اہم ہے۔اس کے علاوہ کمپنی بیرونی معاونتی خدمات حاصل کرسکتی ہے تا کہ بورڈ اورانتظامیہ کواسکوپ سے زیادہ معاونت فراہم کی جائے۔

چيئر برس كاكردار

بحثیت چیئر مین، میں اپنا کردارایک لیڈراورسہولت کار کے طور پر دیکھتا ہوں۔ میں پاکستان میں مقیم نہیں ہوں تا ہم میں با قاعدگی سے یہاں آتا رہتا ہوں تا کہ میں زیادہ تر پروجیکٹس میں شامل رہوں۔ دوسرے اوقات کے دوران میں نے ٹیلی فون اور وڈیو کانفرنسنگ کے ذریعے را بطے میں رہتا ہوں۔سب سے بڑھ کریہ کہ میرے خیال میں 2024-25 کے مالیاتی سال کے دوران کمپنی کی کارکر دگی تمام متعلقہ افراد کی محنت کا نتیجہ ہے۔

میں اپنے ساتھی ڈائر کیٹرز اور کمپنی کی انتظامیہ دونوں کی مستقل معاونت پرشکریہ ادا کرنا چاہوں گا۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے رہنمائی اور سرپرتی کا بھی میں دل سے اعتراف کرتا ہوں۔

میں اس جائزے پر دستخط کرتے ہوئے شکریدا داکر تاہوں۔

600

دُونلدُ جيلن چيئر مين

را پن. مورخه: 12 ستمبر 2025

چیئر مین کی جائزہ رپورٹ

dynea

بورڈ اسٹر کچر

بورڈ پیشہ ورانہ ماہرین پرمشمل ہے جنہیں مالیاتی انتظام، قانونی امور،انسانی وسائل، تیکنیکی مہارت اور مینونیکچرنگ آپریشنز پر گہری مہارت حاصل ہے۔اس میں دو کمیٹیاں بنام آڈٹ کمیٹی جو کہ رسک مینجنٹ کا احاطہ کرتی ہے اور دوسری کمیٹی انسانی وسائل اور معاوضہ کمیٹی ہے۔اس سال بورڈ نے محتر مدنائلہ قاسم کوخوش آ مدید کہا، جو ہیومن ریسورس مینجمنٹ کی ماہر ہیں۔ان کی شمولیت سے کمپنی کے بھرتی اور معاوضے کے شعبے مزید مضبوط ہوں گے۔

بور ڈاوراس کی کمیٹیوں کی رکنیت کی تفصیلات ڈائر کیٹرز کی رپورٹ میں دی گئی ہیں۔ابسات ڈائر کیٹرز میں سے دوخوا تین ہیں۔

بورڈ کےعزائم اورامور

بورڈ کے اجلاس با قاعدگی سے سہ ماہی بنیاد پر اور دیگر صورتوں میں ضرورت پڑنے پر منعقد کئے جاتے ہیں۔ان میں شرکت اور حاضری اطمینان بخش ہے اورڈ ائر یکٹر زانتظامیہ کی مدد کے لئے دیگر اوقات بالخصوص تغیل اور قانونی امور صحت اور تحفظ کے معاملات میں دستیاب رہتے ہیں۔ان کی شراکت انتظامیہ اور میرے دونوں کے لئے انتہائی قابل قدر اور قابل تحسین ہے۔

بورڈ اور کمیٹیوں دونوں کے اجلاسوں میں کممل شراکت کے ساتھ خوشگوار ماحول ہوتا ہے۔ تقیدی آراء بھی تغیری ہوتی ہیں۔تمام مسائل، تنقیدوں کے باجود واضح طور پرحل کے مقاصد کے تحت زیر بحث لائے جاتے ہیں۔احتساب کے ممل کوسہولت دینے کیلئے اجلاسوں کے امور میں فیڈ بیک کاطریقہ کارشامل کیا گیا ہے۔

کاروباری حکمت عملی کی گورنینس

ایک مشحکم اور مر بوط مارکیٹ میں جیسا کہ کمپنی خود کواس میں موجود پاتی ہے، یہ ہمیشہ آسان نہیں ہوتا کہ آ گے بڑھنے کی حکمت عملی کا میاب رہے۔ایسی ایک حکمت عملی 2010 میں تمپنی کواز سرزمشحکم بنانے کے لئے تشکیل دی گئی جسے بورڈنے ککمل طور پر سپورٹ کیا اور اس کے نتائج خود اس کا اظہار کرتے ہیں۔

آ گے بڑھتے ہوئے کمپنی اپنی پروڈ کٹ رنٹج اوراس کی مارکیٹوں کومختلف نئ سمتوں میں توسیع دینے کی خواہشمند ہے۔ گزشتہ سالا ندا جلاس عام کے بعد متعدد نئ مصنوعات متعارف کرائی گئی ہیں اور جم میں مسلسل ترقی کی پیش گوئی کی جارہی ہے۔ برآ مدی فروخت مشحکم ہوئی ہے اور گزشتہ 12 مہینوں میں نئی مارکیٹوں کا اضافہ کیا گیا ہے۔ایک اوراقدام کے طور پر کمپنی اپنی ہیرونی بجلی کے نیٹ ورک پرانحصار کو کم کرنے کے ہدف کی جانب پیش رفت کررہی ہے۔

ھمت عملی کےاقدامات عام طور پرمینجمنٹ کی جانب سے ڈائر مکٹرز کی رائے کیلئے متعارف کرائے جاتے ہیں۔جبکہ منصوبوں پرعملدرآ مد کے دوران بورڈ اپنانگرانی کا کر دار برقر ار رکھتا ہے۔

مالياتى ربورتنك كاطريقة كار، انثرال آثث اورانثرال كنثرولز

سسٹمز اس امرکویقینی بنانے کے لئے موجود ہیں کہ کمپنی کے آپریشنز کے تمام پہلوؤں کا مالیاتی انتظام مکمل شفافیت، ایما نداری اور مربوط نظام کے ساتھ چلا یا جارہا ہے۔PWC کے انٹرنل آڈٹ کے کردار سے ملنے والا اِن پُٹ کمپنی کی مالیاتی انتظام یہ کو بہت بہتر بنا تاہے کیونکہ ریمپنی کے آپریشنز کا غیر جانبدارانہ جائزہ فراہم کرتا ہے۔ان کی تحقیقات کی تعدا داور شدت دونوں میں پچھلے برسوں کے مقابلے میں کمی واقع ہوئی ہے۔ بی ڈی اوابرا ہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹر ڈاکاؤٹٹینٹس ، کمپنی کے بیرونی آڈیٹر ہیں۔

خطرات سے نمٹنے کا انظام

بورڈ کمپنی میں درمپیش خطرات کی جانچ اوراس کے انتظام کی ضرورت کے حوالے سے انتہائی مختاط ہے تا کہ کاروبار کے شلسل کویقینی بنایا جاسکے یہ سخت حالات کے مدنظر ،اگر پیش آئیں، کمپنی کوسنجا لئے کیلئے مناسب حد تک نقد ذخائر برقر ارر کھنے پر توجہ دی گئی ہے۔ بورڈ کی جانب سے رکھی گئی ایک مختاط سرمایہ کار حکمت عملی کے ذریعے کمپنی نے ان فنڈز کی مالیاتی مارکیٹس میں دستیاب بلندتر منافع کے حصول کا فائدہ حاصل کرنے کیلئے سرمایہ کار کی کردگھی ہے۔

اس کے ساتھ نان۔ریذیڈنٹ شیئر ہولڈرزکومنا فع منقسمہ کی زیر سیات کی سہولت دینے کے لئے کمپنی نے مالی سال کے اختتام تک انتظار کرنے کے بجائے عبوری منافع منقسمہ دینے کاطریقد اپنایا ہے۔منافع منقسمہ کی ترسیل اب بہت زیادہ آسان ہوگئ ہے اور مجھے بیبتاتے ہوئے خوثی ہے کہ تمام ترسیلات اس وقت تک کممل ہیں۔

The Secretary

DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED

9th Floor, Artistic Tower, Plot No.39/A-2

Block-6, P.E.C.H.S, Shahrah-e-Faisal
Karachi.



FORM OF PROXY

FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

I/We			of
being a member(s) of DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED and	a holder of		
ordinary shares as per	Share Registe	r Folio No	
or CDC Participant ID No.	/	Account No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
hereby appoint			of
who is also member of DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED Vio	de Folio No		
or CDC Participant ID No.	/	Account No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
or failing him / her			of
who is also member of DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED Vio	de Folio No		
or CDC Participant ID No.	/	Account No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
as my / our proxy in my / our absence to attend a Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held adjournment thereof.			
As witness my / our hand / seal this		day of	2025. Signed by the said
Witness	_ Witness		
(Signature)		(S	ignature)
Name	_ Name		
Address	_ Address_		
CNIC No.	_ CNIC No		

Please affix Rs. 5/-Revenue Stamp

SIGNATURE OF MEMBER(S)

NOTES:

- 1. This proxy form duly completed and signed must be received at the Registered Office of the Company, 9th Floor, Artistic Tower, Plot No.39/A-2, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, not less than 48 hours before the time of holding of the Meeting.
- 2. No person shall act as proxy unless he / she himself / herself is a member of the Company. Except that a corporation may appoint a person who is not a member.
- 3. If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instruments of proxy are deposited by a member with the Company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.

FOR CDC ACCOUNT HOLDERS / CORPORATE ENTITIES

In addition to the above the following requirements have to be met:

- a) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- b) Attested copy of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- c) The proxy shall produce his / her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- d) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

سیریڑی **ڈائنیا یا کستان کمیٹٹر** 9ویں منزل، آرٹسٹک ٹاور، پلاٹ نمبر 2-39/A بلاک-6، بی ای سی ایچالیں، شاہراہ فیصل، کراچی

پراکسی فارم

۳۳ وا<u>ل</u> سالانه اجلاسِ عام

عام حص یافته مطابق شیئر رجسر فولیو/سی دْ ی سی ا کا وَنٹ نمبر کریں میں جنت میں خ	•			'
کیپیوٹرائز ڈقو می شناختی کارڈنمبر می شناختی کارڈ نمبر جوکمپتی کے ممبر بھی ہیں،کوکمپنی پاسے شرکت اور رائے دہی کیلئے اپنا قائم مقام/متبادل _	کپیوٹرائز ڈ قو	ى دْ ى تى ا كا ۇنٹ نمبر	فو ليو/	يابصورت ديگر
		۶ ۲۰۲۵	ہارے دستخط مور خہ	بطورسندمېرے/ ۶
	۲_ گواه			ا_ گواه
	وستخط			دستخط
	t			نام
	*			
نو می شناختی کار دُنمبر	کمپیوٹرائز ڈ		ختی کارڈنمبر	كمپيوٹرائز ڈقومی شنآ
۵روپے کا محصول ٹکٹ ممبر (ز)کے دستخط				

وك:

- ا۔ پراکسی فارم ہٰذامکمل اور وستخط کے ہمراہ اجلاس کے انعقاد سے کم از کم ۴۸ گھنٹے قبل کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ آفس 9ویں منزل، آرٹسٹک ٹاور، پلاٹ نمبر 2-89/A، بلاک-6، پی ای سی ایج الیس، شاہراہِ فیصل، کراچی میں جمع کروایا جائے گا۔
 - ۲۔ پراکسی کے لئے ممپٹی کاممبر ہونا ضروری ہے۔ تا ہم کارپوریش کسی بھی غیرممبرکوا پتا پراکسی مقرر کرسکتی ہے۔
 - س۔ اگرکوئی ممبرایک سےزائد پراکسی مقرر کرتاہے اور کمپنی کو پراکسی کی ایک سےزائد دستاویزات جمع کرا تاہے تو پراکسی کی اس طرح کی تمام دستاویزات غیرقانونی تصور ہوں گی۔

برائے سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرز/کار پوریٹ ادارے

مزيد برآ ل درج ذيل شرائط برعمل كرنا موكا:

- ا۔ پراکسی فارم پر ۱ افراد کی گواہی ہونی چاہئے جن کے نام، پتے اور کمپیوٹرائز ڈقومی شناختی کارڈنمبریا پاسپورٹ نمبر فارم میں درج ہوں۔
 - ۲۔ ممبراور پراکسی کے کمپیوٹرائز ڈقومی شناختی کارڈنمبریا پاسپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ نقول پراکسی فارم کے ہمراہ منسلک کرنی ہوں گی۔
 - سیراکسی کواجلاس کے وقت اپنے اصل کمپیوٹر ائز ڈقومی شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ پیش کرنا ہوگا۔
- ۳۔ کار اپوریٹ ادار کے کی صورت میں ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار دادا پاور آف اٹارنی مع نامز دفر د کے دستخطا کانمونہ (اگر پہلے فراہم نہ کئے گئے ہوں) پراکسی فارم کے ہمراہ کمپنی کو پیش کرنے ہوں گے۔